

Case # ZO-04-24 Memo

To: Bloomington Common Council

From: Jackie Scanlan, AICP Development Services Manager, Interim Director

Date: March 21, 2024

Re: Text Amendments to Unified Development Ordinance

The Plan Commission heard case ZO-04-24 on March 11, 2024 and voted to send the petition to the Common Council with a positive recommendation with a vote of 7-0.

The Planning and Transportation Department proposes its annual update and amendment to the Unified Development Ordinance (UDO), Title 20 of the Bloomington Municipal Code. The last UDO Update process was completed in the April of 2023, with the final text amendment Ordinance becoming effective in August 2023. That update was the end of 2023’s annual update, with changes related to maximum parking and chicken flocks. This update is part of our regular maintenance of the code. Staff utilizes the UDO every day in our interactions with the public and other Departments, and has identified portions of the code that contain errors or that may benefit from amendment. No changes to proposed uses or zoning districts are included in this update.

The proposal is divided into four (4) petitions. One petition is discussed below and is this Ordinance 24-03:

- 1. ZO-04-24 | Technical Corrections

ZO-04-24 | Technical Corrections

This petition contains corrections or clarifications to the UDO. These range from reference corrections to removal of unnecessary wording to correcting for duties of the Engineering Department to syncing references across the UDO. There are 46 amendments identified, some appearing multiple times in the code. These amendments are needed to provide accurate and clear language for use of the code, as well as to sync the code with itself.

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-2: R1 District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	20,000 square feet (0.459 acres) [1]
B	Lot width	100 feet [1]
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front	15 feet
D	Attached front-loading garage or carport	25 feet [2]
E	Side	First floor: 8 feet [1] Each story above the ground floor: 10 feet [1]
F	Rear	25 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	30%
G	Primary structure height (maximum)	40 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	20 feet

Notes:

- [1] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [2] Or equal to the setback of the primary structure, whichever is greater.

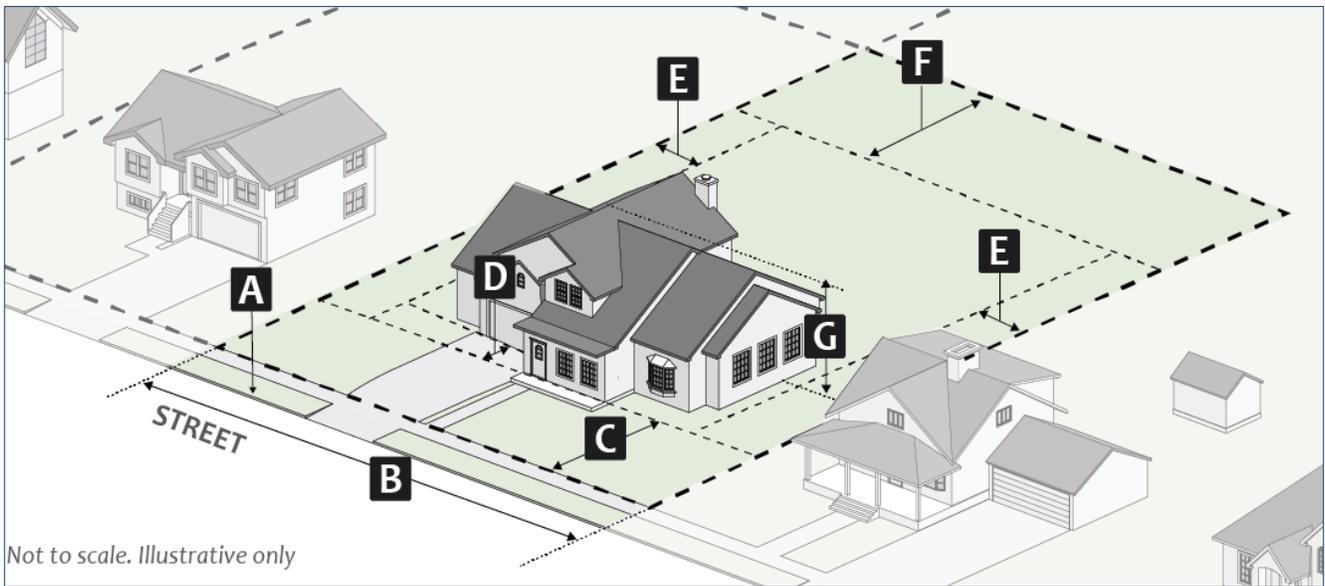


Figure 2: R1 District Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-3: R2 District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	7,200 square feet (0.165 acres)[1]
B	Lot width	60 feet [1]
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front	15 feet or the median front setback of abutting residential structures, whichever is less.
D	Attached front-loading garage or carport	25 feet [2]
E	Side	First Floor: 8 feet [3] Each story above the ground floor: 10 feet [1] [3]
F	Rear	25 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	40%
G	Primary structure height (maximum)	40 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	20 feet

Notes:

- [1] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [2] Or equal to the setback of the primary structure, whichever is greater.
- [3] Legally established lots of record that are less than the minimum lot width may reduce the required setback up to 2 feet.

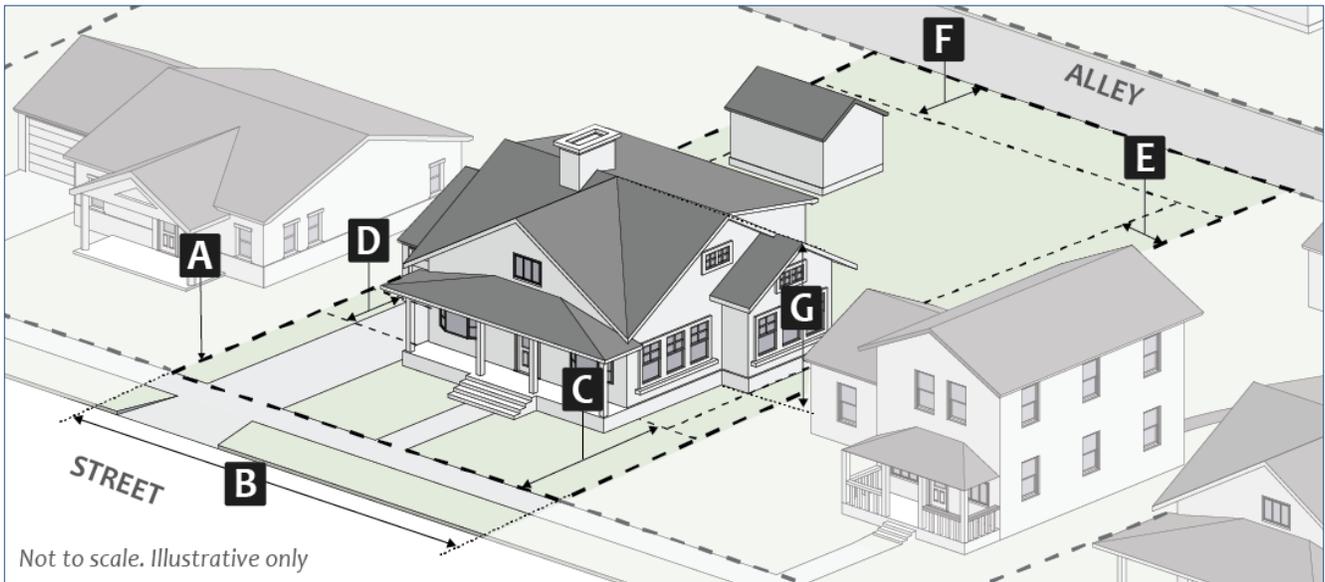


Figure 4: R2 District Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-4: R3 District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	5,000 square feet (0.115 acres) [1]
B	Lot width	50 feet [1]
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front build-to line	15 feet or the median front setback of abutting residential structures, whichever is less.
	Attached front-loading garage or carport	10 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
D	Side	First floor: 6 feet [2] Each story above the ground floor: 10 feet [1] [2]
E	Rear	25 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	45%
F	Primary structure height (maximum)	35 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	20 feet

Notes:

- [1] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [2] Legally established lots of record that are less than the minimum lot width may reduce the required setback up to 2 feet.

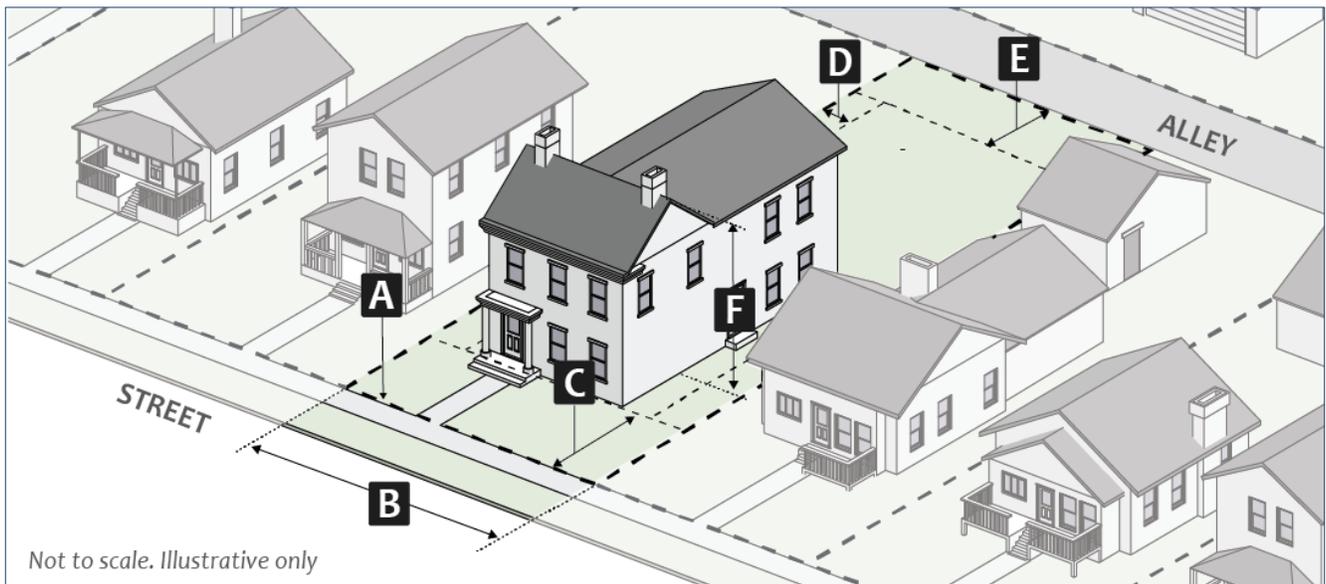


Figure 6: R3 Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-5: R4 District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	4,000 square feet (0.092 acres)
B	Lot width	35 feet
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front	15 feet or the median front setback of abutting residential structures, whichever is less.
	Attached front-loading garage or carport	10 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
D	Side	5 feet
E	Rear	25 feet
Other Standards		
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	50%
F	Primary structure height (maximum)	40 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	20 feet

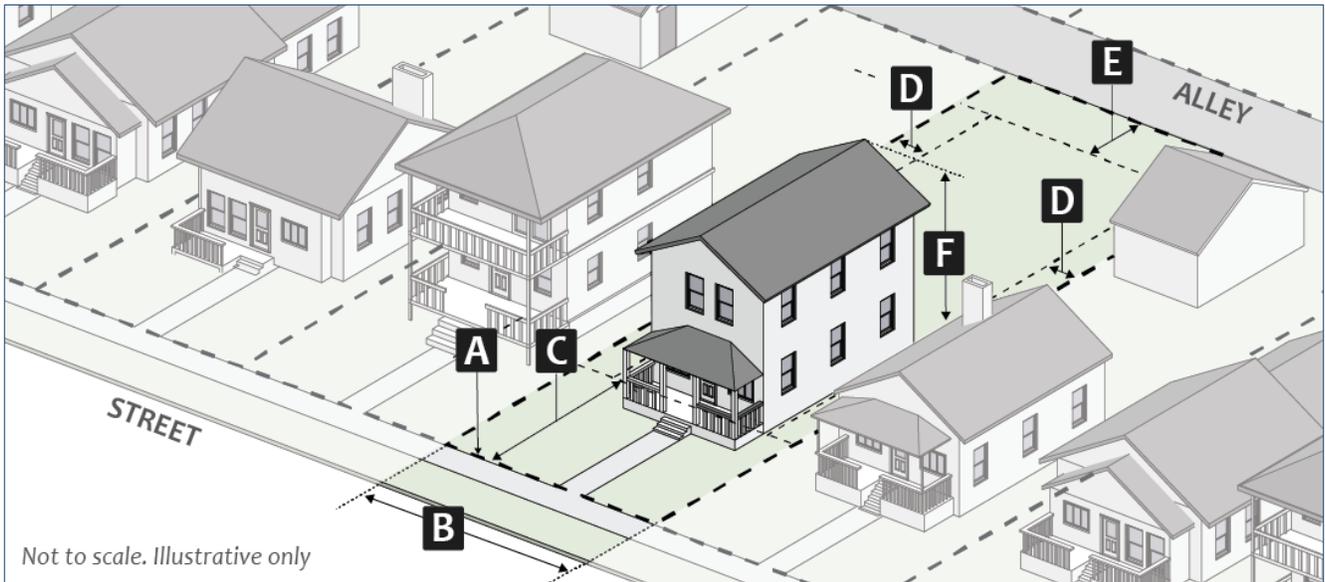


Figure 8: R4 Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-6: RM District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		Multifamily Dwelling	Single-Family, Duplex, Triplex, or Fourplex Dwelling ^[4]
A	Lot area	5,000 square feet (0.115 acres)	R4 district standards apply
B	Lot width	50 feet	
Building Setbacks (Minimum)			
C	Front	15 feet	R4 district standards apply
	Attached front-loading garage or carport	25 feet [1]	
D	Side	10 feet [2]	
E	Rear	[2] 15 feet	
Other Standards			
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall	R4 district standards apply
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	60%	
	Landscape area (minimum)	40%	
F	Primary structure height (maximum)	3 stories, not to exceed 40 feet [2] [3]	
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	20 feet	

Notes:

- [1] Or equal to the setback of the primary structure, whichever is greater.
- [2] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [4] The front building setback shall be determined by the standards of the base zoning district.

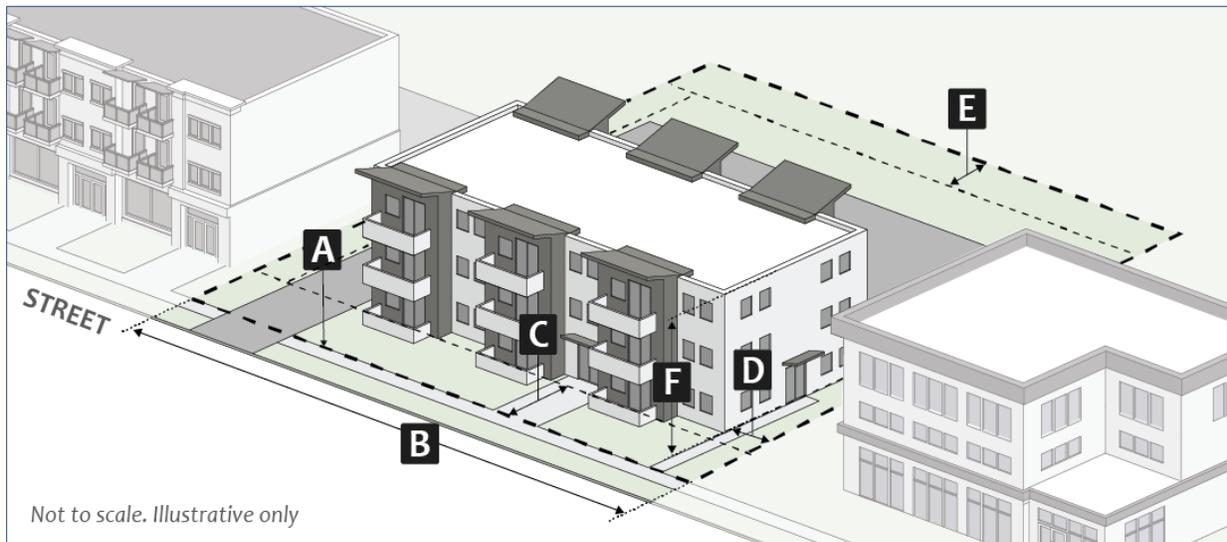


Figure 10: RM Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

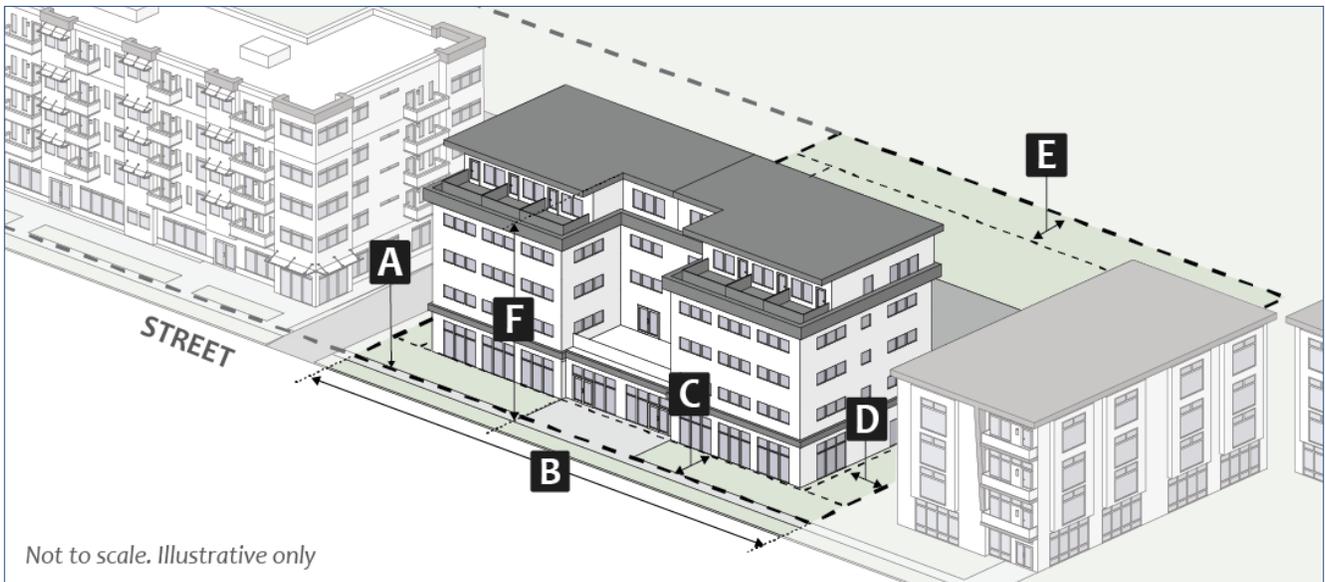
The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240(Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-7: RH District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		Multifamily Dwelling	Single-Family, Duplex, Triplex, or Fourplex Dwelling
A	Lot area	5,000 square feet (0.115 acres)	R4 district standards apply
B	Lot width	50 feet	
Building Setbacks (Minimum)			
C	Front	15 feet	R4 district standards apply
	Attached front-loading garage or carport	25 feet [1]	
D	Side	10 feet [2]	
E	Rear	[2] 15 feet	
Other Standards			
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall	R4 district standards apply
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	65%	
	Landscape area (minimum)	35%	
F	Primary structure height (maximum)	5 stories, not to exceed 63 feet [2] [3]	
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	20 feet	

Notes:

- [1] Or equal to the setback of the primary structure, whichever is greater.
- [2] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.



(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-8: RMH District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		Entire Development	Dwelling Site
A	Lot area	43,560 square feet (1.0 acres)	3,000 square feet
B	Lot width	200 feet	C 40 feet
Setbacks for Development as A Whole (Minimum)			
D	Front	25 feet	E 10 feet
F	Side	20 feet	Primary Structure: 7 feet Accessory Structure: 2 feet
G	Rear	20 feet	
Other Standards			
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	None	65%
	Primary structure height (maximum)	None	H 20 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	None	20 feet

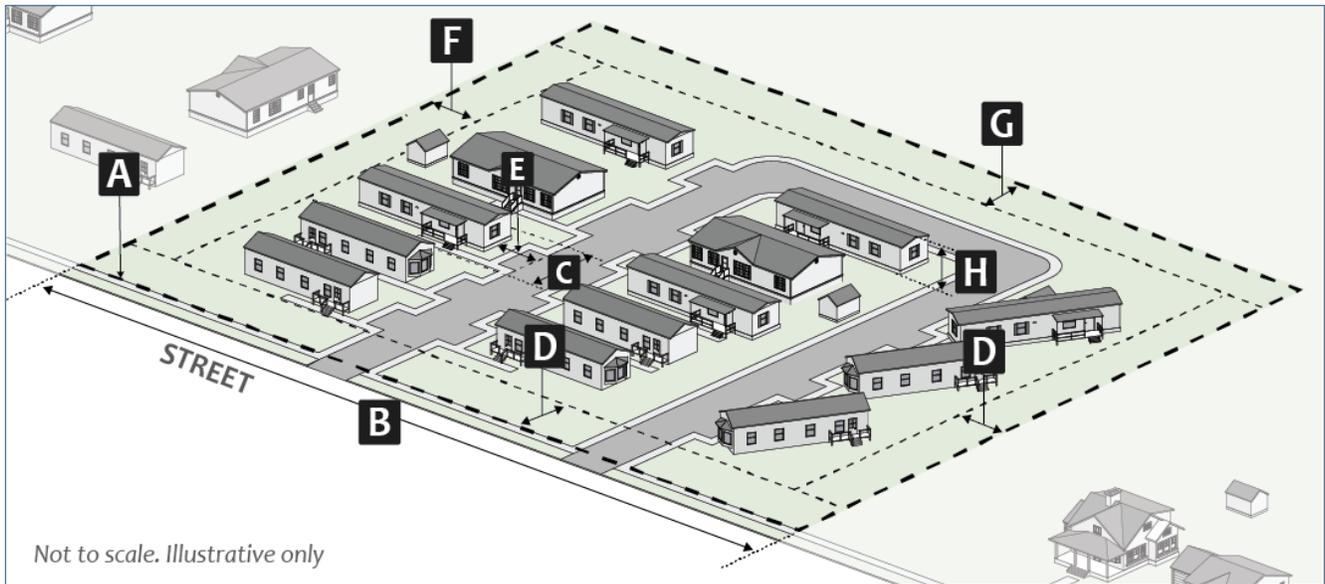


Figure 14: RMH Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-9: MS District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	5,000 square feet (0.115 acres)
B	Lot width	50 feet
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front	15 feet
D	Side	15 feet [1]
E	Rear	15 feet [1]
Other Standards		
F	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	70%
	Landscape area (minimum)	30%
G	Primary structure height (maximum) [2]	6 stories, not to exceed 75 feet [1] [2]
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	20 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.

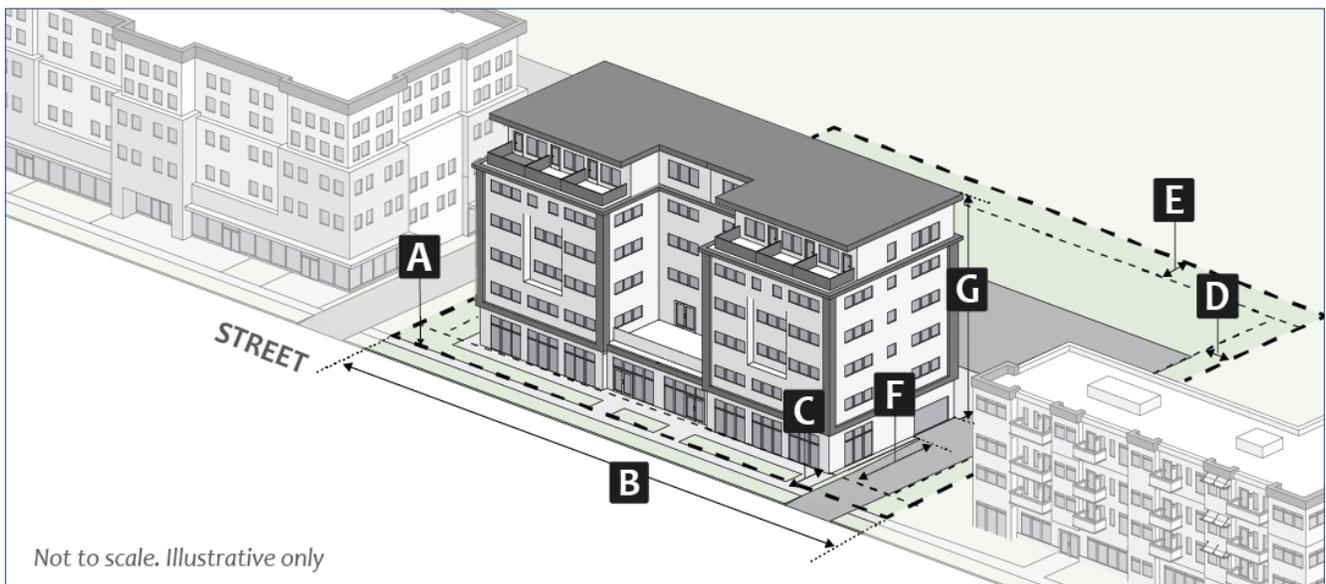


Figure 16: MS Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

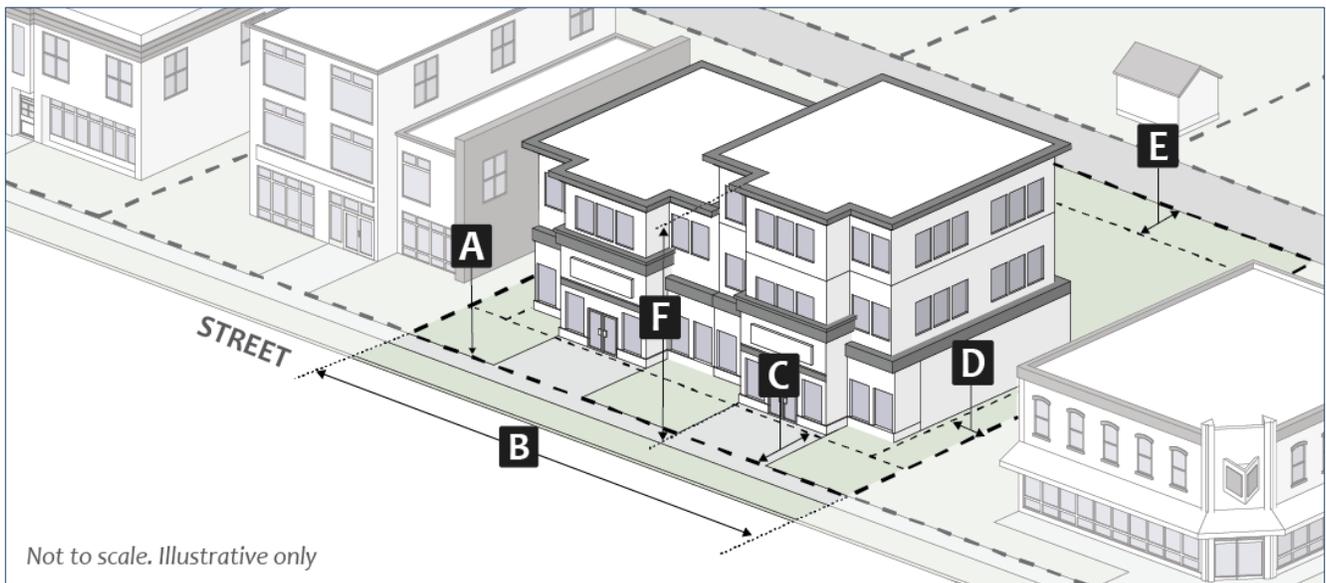
The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-10: MN District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	5,000 square feet (0.115 acres)
B	Lot width	50 feet
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front build-to range	15 to 25 feet
	Front building facade at build-to range (minimum)	70%
D	Side	7 feet [1]
E	Rear	10 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	60%
	Landscape area (minimum)	40%
	Area of any individual commercial tenant (maximum)	5,000 square feet gross floor area
F	Primary structure height (maximum)	3 stories, not to exceed 40 feet [1] [2] [3]
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	20 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.



(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-11: MM District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	5,000 square feet (0.115 acres)
B	Lot width	50 feet
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front build-to range	15 to 25 feet
	Front building facade at build-to range (minimum)	70%
D	Side	7 feet [1]
E	Rear	7 feet [1]
Other Standards		
F	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	60%
	Landscape area (minimum)	40%
G	Primary structure height (maximum)	4 stories, not to exceed 50 feet [1] [2] [3]
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	30 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.

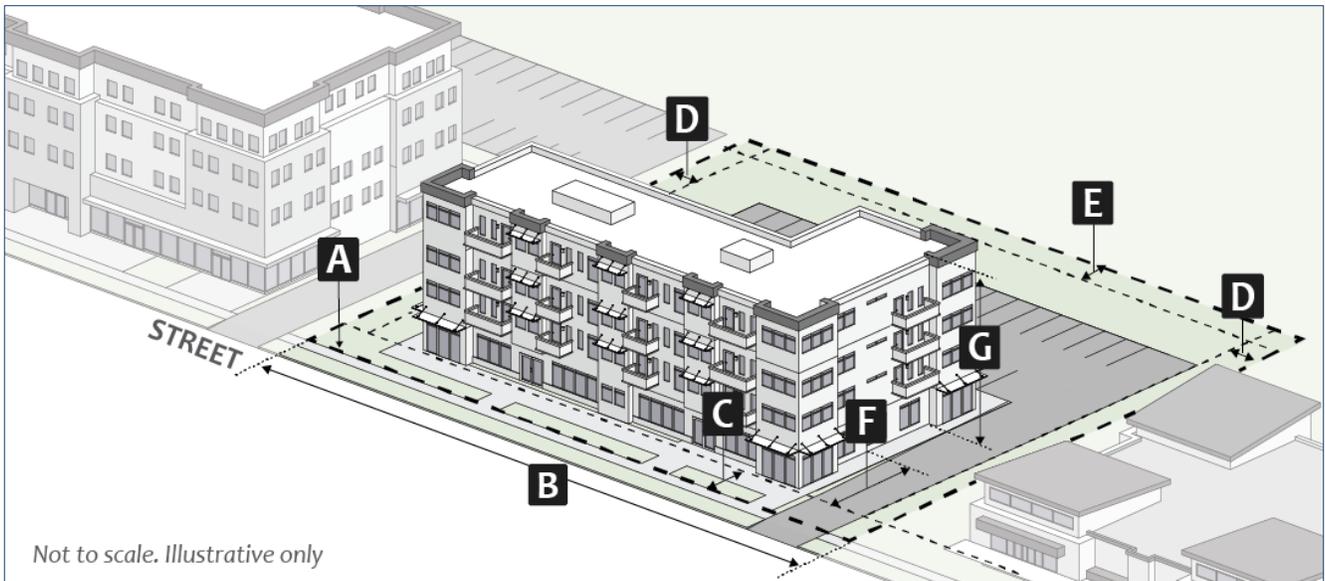


Figure 20: MM Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-12: MC District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	5,000 square feet (0.115 acres)
B	Lot width	50 feet
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front	15 feet
D	Side	7 feet [1]
E	Rear	7 feet [1]
Other Standards		
F	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	60%
	Landscape area (minimum)	40%
G	Primary structure height (maximum)	4 stories, not to exceed 50 feet [1] [2] [3]
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	30 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.

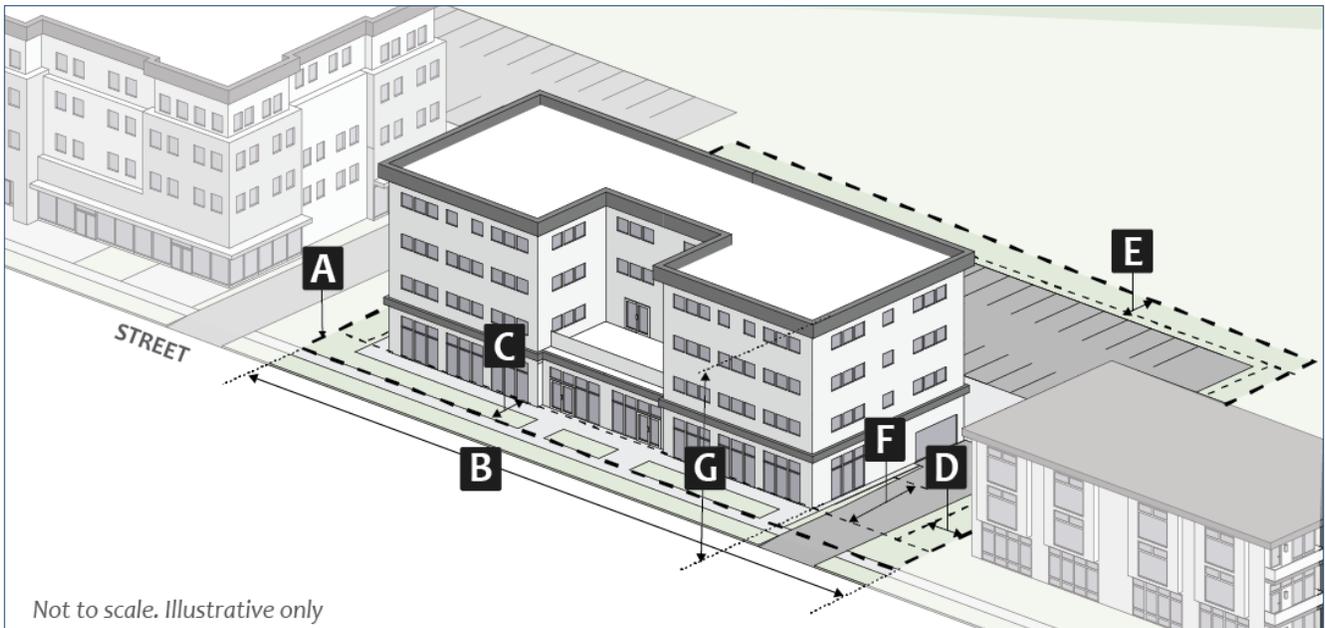


Figure 22: MC Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-13: ME District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	5,000 square feet (0.115 acres)
B	Lot width	50 feet
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front	15 feet
D	Side	10 feet [1]
E	Rear	10 feet [1]
Other Standards		
F	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	70%
	Landscape area (minimum)	30%
G	Primary structure height (maximum)	5 stories, not to exceed 63 feet [1] [2] [3]
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	30 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.

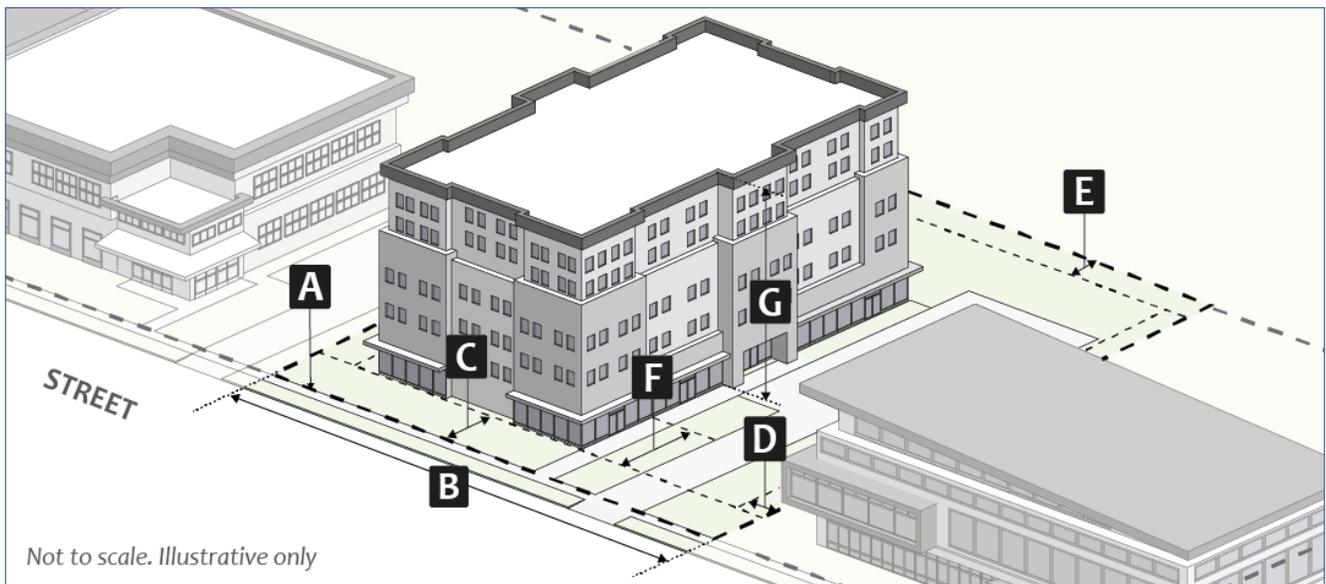


Figure 24: ME Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-14: MI District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	5,000 square feet (0.115 acres)
B	Lot width	50 feet
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front	15 feet
D	Side	10 feet [1]
	Rear	10 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	60%
	Landscape area (minimum)	40%
F	Primary structure height (maximum)	4 stories, not to exceed 50 feet [1] [2] [3]
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	30 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.

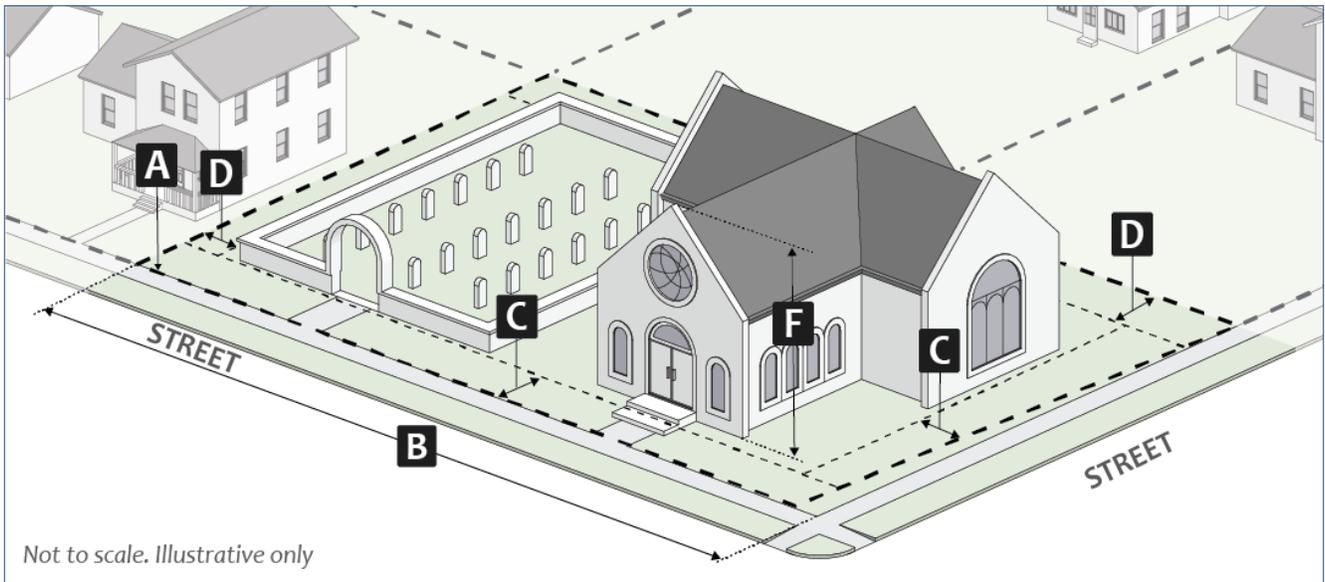


Figure 26: MI Dimensional Standards

(B) Dimensional Standards

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-15: MD-CS Dimensional Standards

Building Setbacks		
A	Build-to range	0 to 5 feet
B	Building facade at build-to range (minimum)	90%
	Front (maximum)	None
	Side (minimum)	None [1]
	Rear (minimum)	None [1]
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Side and Rear parking setback (minimum)	Requirements set per Section 20.04.080(h)(1)(A)(ii)
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	100%
C	Primary structure height (maximum)	3 stories, not to exceed 40 feet [1] [2] [3] [4]
	Primary Structure height (minimum)	25 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	25 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [4] Buildings that include one or more dwelling units that meet the definition of "Student Housing or Dormitory" shall be subject to the maximum building heights established in Section 20.03.030(b)(13) (Student Housing or Dormitory).



Figure 28: MD-CS Downtown Character Overlay Dimensional Standards

(B) Dimensional Standards

The following table is a summary of the character area specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-16: MD-DC Dimensional Standards		
Building Setbacks		
A	Build-to range	0-5 feet
B	Building facade at build-to range (minimum)	70%
	Adjacent to B-Line (minimum)	10 feet
	Side (minimum)	None [1]
	Rear (minimum)	None [1]
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Side and Rear parking setback (minimum)	Requirements set per Section 20.04.080(h)(1)(A)(ii)
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	100%
C	Primary structure height (maximum)	4 stories, not to exceed 50 feet [1] [2] [3] [4]
	Primary Structure height (minimum)	35 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	25 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [4] Buildings that include one or more dwelling units that meet the definition of "Student Housing or Dormitory" shall be subject to the maximum building heights established in Section 20.03.030(b)(13) (Student Housing or Dormitory).

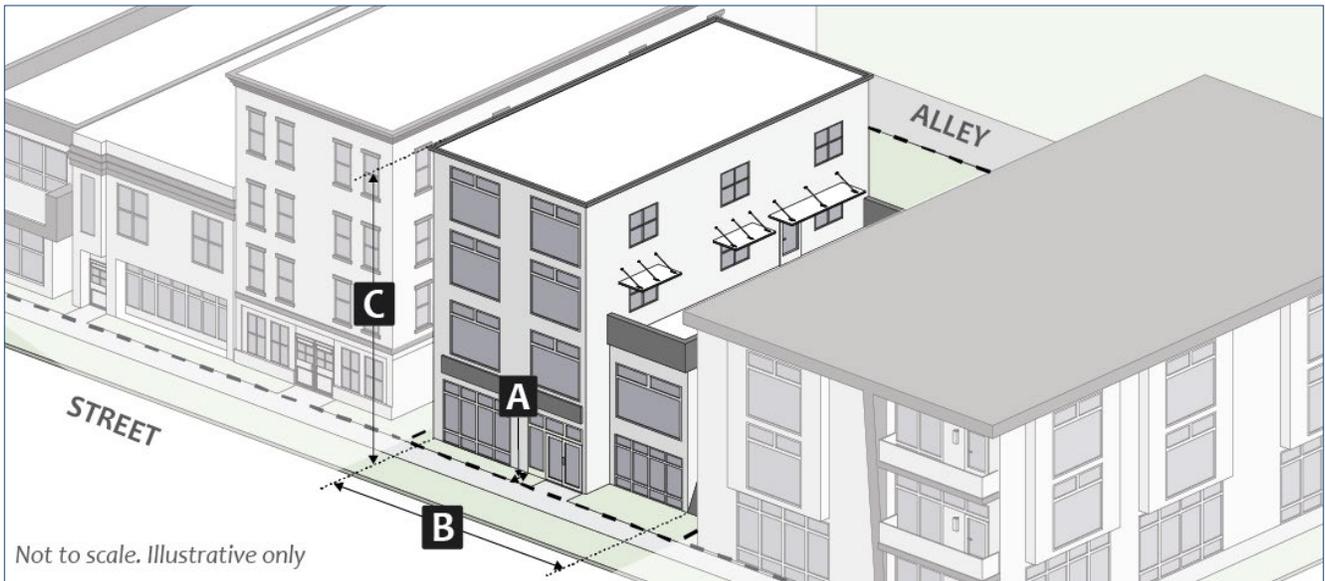


Figure 30: MD-DC Downtown Character Overlay Dimensional Standards

(B) Dimensional Standards

The following table is a summary of the character area specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-17: MD-UV Dimensional Standards				
Building Setbacks				
A	Build-to range	0 to 15 feet		
B	Building facade at build-to percentage (minimum)	70%		
	Side (minimum)	None [1]		
	Rear (minimum)	None [1]		
Other Standards		General	Kirkwood Corridor	Restaurant Row
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall		
	Side and Rear parking setback	Requirements set per Section 20.04.080(h)(1)(A)(ii)		
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	85 %	100 %	85%
	Landscape area (minimum)	15%	n/a	15%
C	Primary structure height (maximum)	3 stories, not to exceed 40 feet [1] [2] [3] [4]	3 stories, not to exceed 40 feet [1] [2] [3] [4]	3 stories, not to exceed 35 feet [1] [2] [3] [4]
	Primary Structure height (minimum)	25 feet	25 feet	20 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	25 feet		

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [4] Buildings that include one or more dwelling units that meet the definition of "Student Housing or Dormitory" shall be subject to the maximum building heights established in Section 20.03.030(b)(13) (Student Housing or Dormitory).

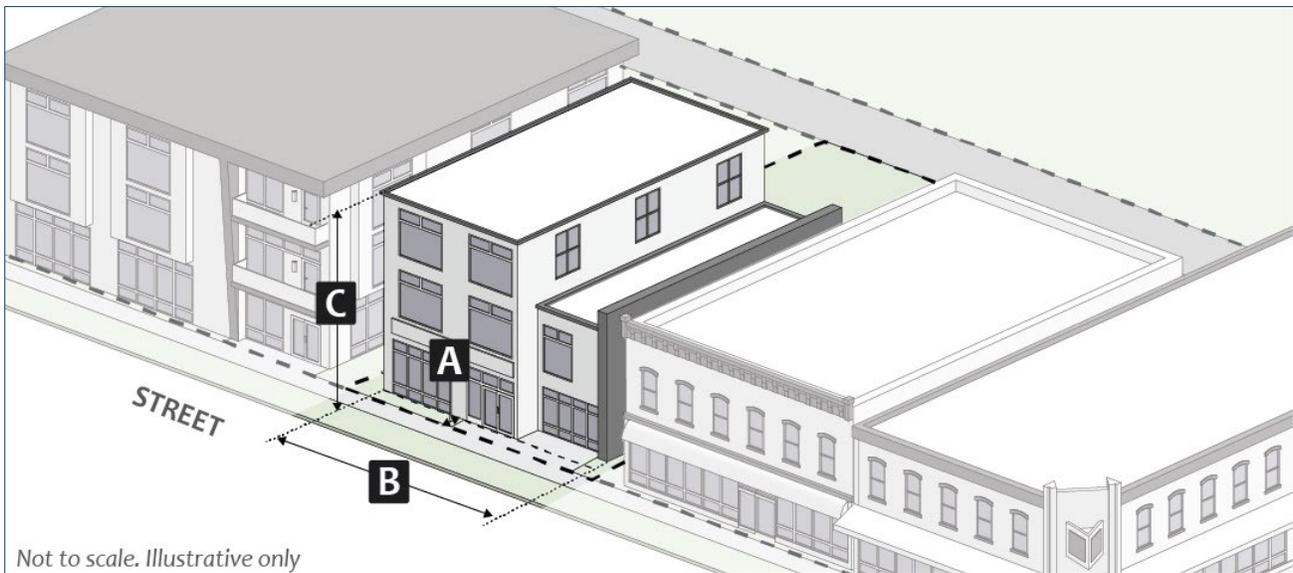


Figure 32: MD-UV Downtown Character Overlay Dimensional Standards

(B) Dimensional Standards

The following table is a summary of the character area specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-18: MD-DE Dimensional Standards

Building Setbacks		
A	Build-to range	0 to 15 feet
B	Building facade build-to percentage (minimum)	70%
C	Side (minimum)	7 feet [1]
D	Rear (minimum)	10 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Side and Rear parking setback (minimum)	Requirements set per Section 20.04.080(h)(1)(A)(ii)
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	75%
	Landscape area (minimum)	25%
E	Primary structure height (maximum)	3 stories, not to exceed 40 feet [1] [2] [3] [4]
	Primary Structure height (minimum)	20 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	25 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [4] Buildings that include one or more dwelling units that meet the definition of "Student Housing or Dormitory" shall be subject to the maximum building heights established in Section 20.03.030(b)(13) (Student Housing or Dormitory).

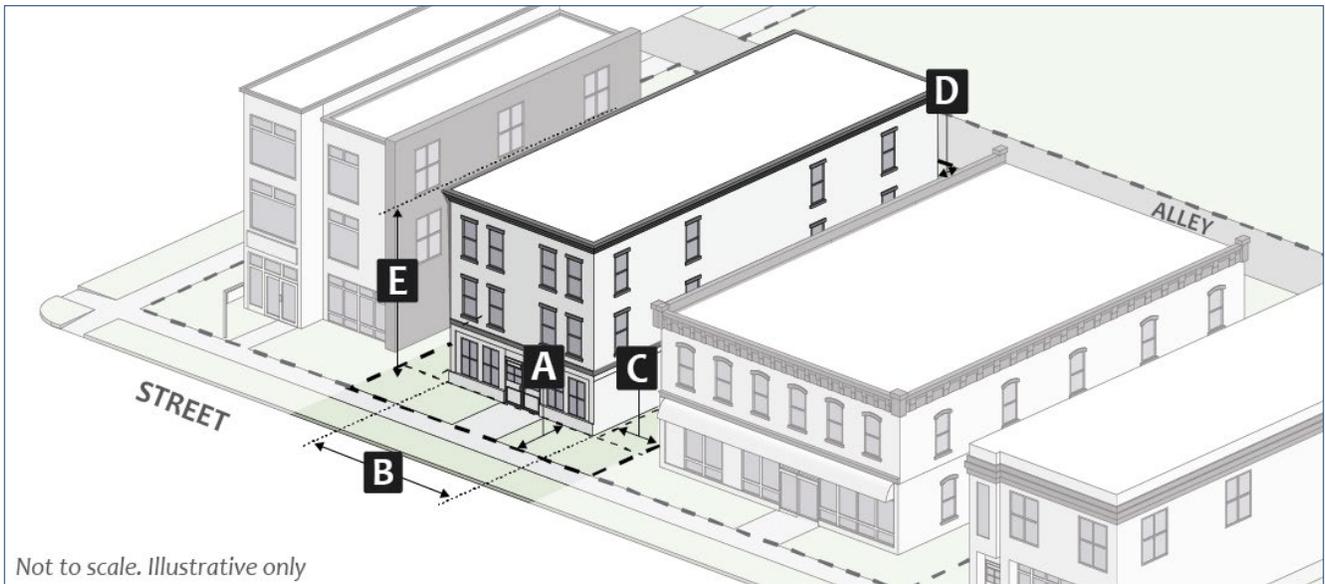


Figure 34: MD-DE Downtown Character Overlay Dimensional Standards

(B) Dimensional Standards

The following table is a summary of the character area specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-19: MD-DG Dimensional Standards

Building Setbacks		
A	Build-to range	0 to 15 feet
B	Building facade build-to percentage (minimum)	70%
C	Side (minimum)	5 feet [1]
D	Rear (minimum)	5 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Side and Rear parking setback (minimum)	Requirements set per Section 20.04.080(h)(1)(A)(ii)
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	75%
	Landscape area (minimum)	25%
E	Primary structure height (maximum)	3 stories, not to exceed 40 feet [1] [2] [3] [4]
	Primary Structure height (minimum)	25 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	30 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [4] Buildings that include one or more dwelling units that meet the definition of "Student Housing or Dormitory" shall be subject to the maximum building heights established in Section 20.03.030(b)(13) (Student Housing or Dormitory).

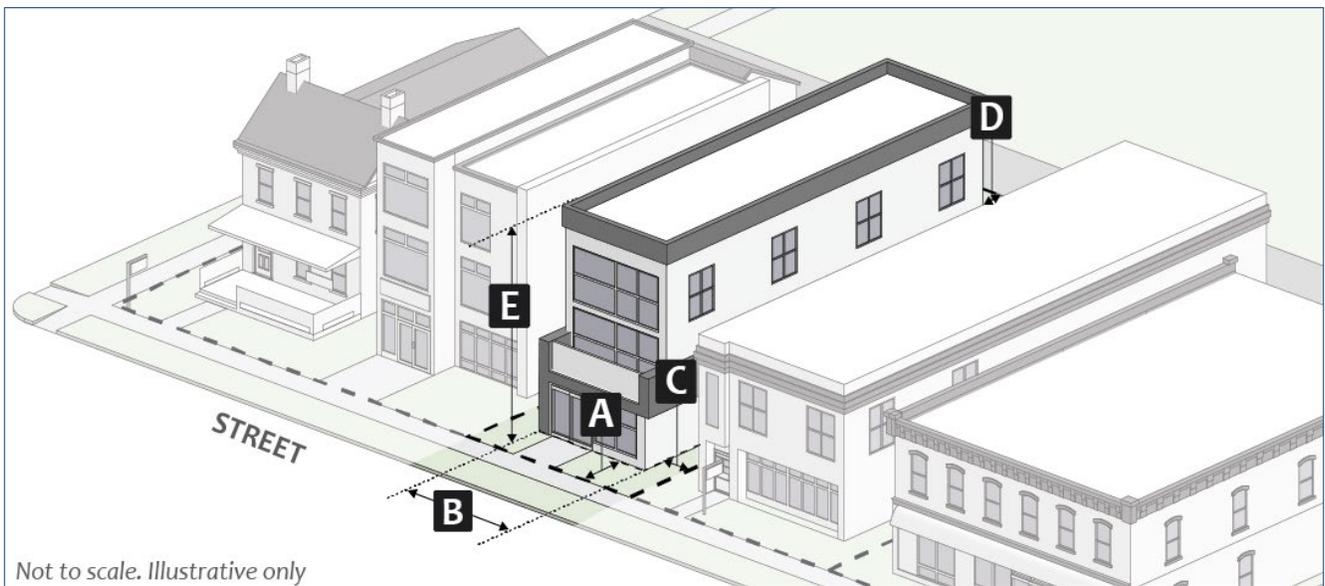


Figure 36: MD-DG Downtown Character Overlay Dimensional Standards

(B) Dimensional Standards

The following table is a summary of the character area specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-20: MD-ST Dimensional Standards

Building Setbacks		
A	Front (maximum)	15 feet
B	Adjacent to B-Line (minimum)	15 feet
C	Side building setback (minimum)	5 feet [1]
D	Rear building setback (minimum)	5 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Side and Rear parking setback (minimum)	Requirements set per Section 20.04.080(h)(1)(A)(ii)
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	85%
	Landscape area (minimum)	15%
E	Primary structure height (maximum)	4 stories, not to exceed 50 feet [1] [2] [3] [4]
	Primary Structure height (minimum)	25 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	30 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.
- [4] Buildings that include one or more dwelling units that meet the definition of "Student Housing or Dormitory" shall be subject to the maximum building heights established in Section 20.03.030(b)(13) (Student Housing or Dormitory).

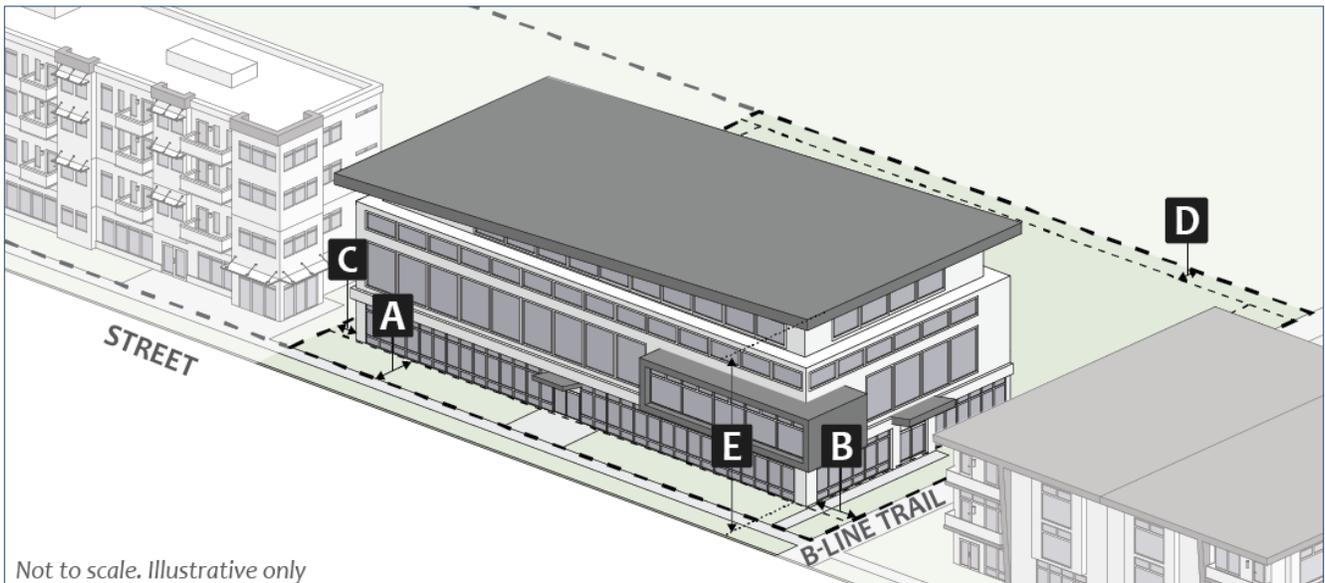


Figure 38: MD-ST Downtown Character Overlay Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-21: MH District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	10,890 square feet (0.250 acres)
B	Lot width	65 feet
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front	25 feet
D	Side	10 feet [1]
E	Rear	10 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	60%
	Landscape area (minimum)	40%
F	Primary structure height (maximum)	3 stories, not to exceed 40 feet [1] [2] [3]
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	25 feet

Notes:

- [1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- [2] Where a nonresidential use is proposed on the ground floor, the minimum floor to ceiling height on the ground floor shall be 12 feet.
- [3] See Section 20.04.110 (Incentives) for alternative standards.

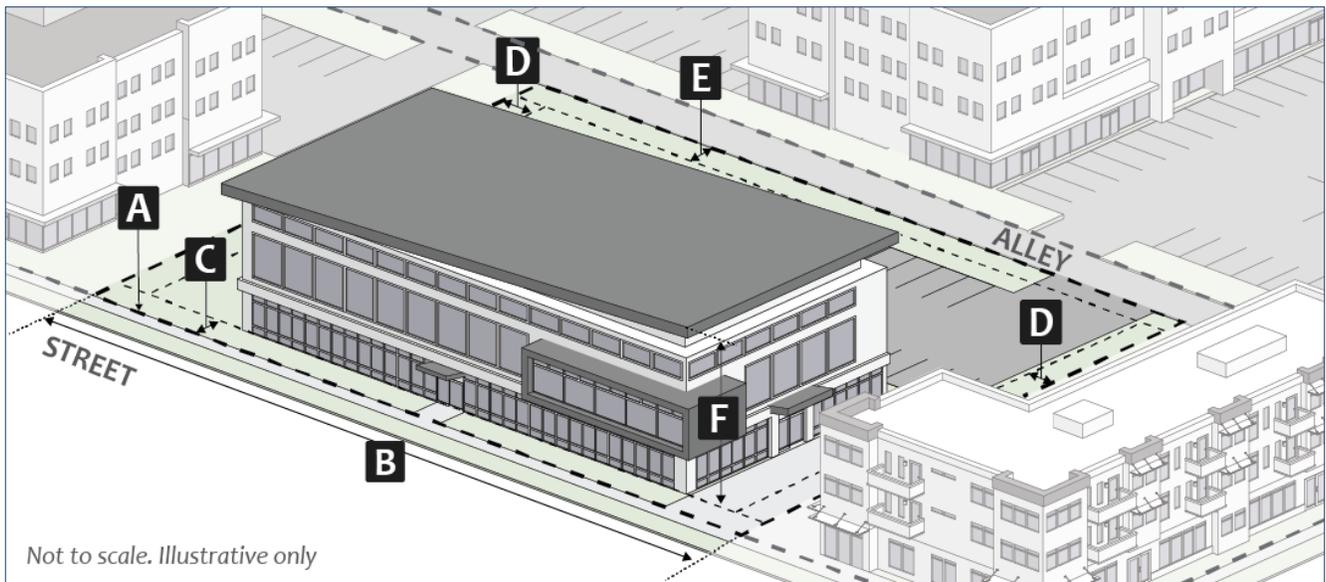


Figure 40: MH Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-22: EM District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	None
B	Lot width	100 feet
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front	25 feet
D	Side	20 feet [1]
E	Rear	20 feet [1]
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	70%
	Landscape area (minimum)	30%
F	Primary structure height (maximum)	4 stories, not to exceed 50 feet [1]
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	35 feet

Notes:

[1] Buildings abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards).

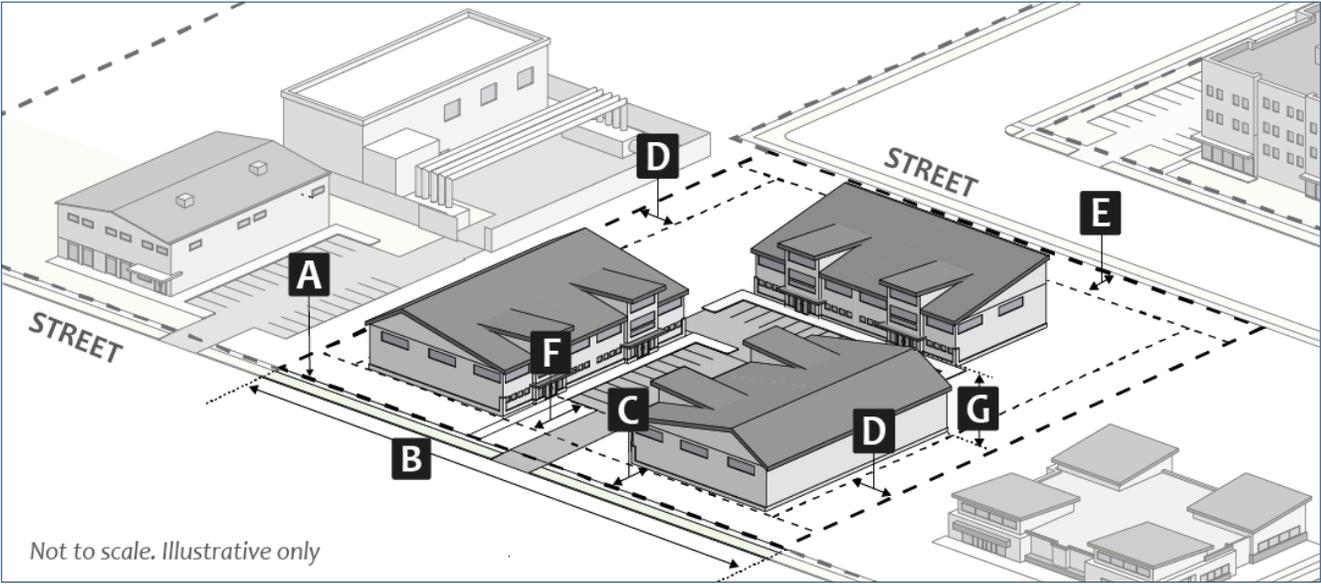


Figure 42: EM Dimensional Standards

(2) **Dimensional Standards**

The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.0240 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.

Table 02-23: PO District Dimensional Standards

Lot Dimensions (Minimum, only for lots created after the effective date)		
A	Lot area	None
B	Lot width	None
Building Setbacks (Minimum)		
C	Front setback	15 feet
D	Side setback	5 feet
E	Rear setback	5 feet
Other Standards		
	Front parking setback (minimum)	15 feet
	Impervious surface coverage (maximum)	None
F	Primary structure height (maximum)	20 feet
	Accessory structure height (maximum)	20 feet

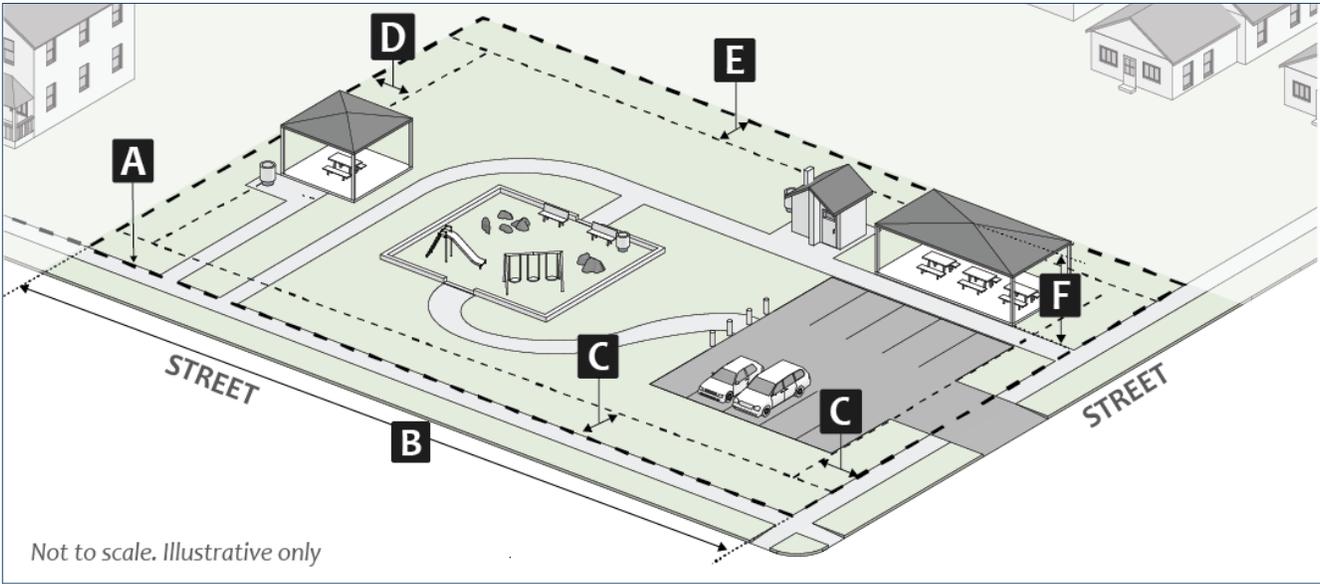


Figure 44: PO Dimensional Standards

(3) **Additional PO District Standards**

- (A) All land uses, structures, and development in the PO district shall comply with all other provisions of this UDO unless specifically exempted in this UDO or through subsection (B) below.
- (B) In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this UDO and the provisions of an adopted City management plan, rule, or regulation applicable to that park or open space land or facility, the provisions of this UDO shall apply.

unit located on the ground floor shall be located at least 20 feet behind each building façade facing a public street, or the B-Line Trail.

- ii. Ground floor dwelling units with a front building wall facing a street shall be raised 2 to 5 feet above the sidewalk level.
- iii. Each dwelling unit shall have direct access to a covered balcony, patio, or porch with an average depth of at least 5 feet located adjacent to or overlooking a common open space, right-of-way, or B-Line Trail.
- iv. Any portions within the ground floor of a structure used for vehicular parking shall be located at least 20 feet behind the building facade facing a public street.

(B) Restaurant

- i. In the RM and RH zoning districts, the restaurant shall contain no more than 5,000 gross square feet of floor area.

(7) Access and Connectivity

(A) Driveways and Access

i. Alley Access:

A driveway accessing the street shall be prohibited if the side or rear setback is adjacent via a platted alley.

ii. Surface Material:

Except for single-family, duplex, triplex, and fourplex uses, entrances and drives shall be constructed solely of permeable pavers.

(8) Parking and Loading

(A) Minimum Vehicle Parking Requirement:

Minimum vehicle parking requirements shall not apply to developments in the TRO.

(B) Maximum Vehicle Parking Allowance:

i. ~~Household~~Housing Living Uses:

Maximum vehicle parking allowance listed in Table 04-10: Maximum Vehicle Parking Allowance, shall apply to developments in the TRO except multifamily uses, which shall be limited to a maximum of 0.5 spaces per bedroom.

ii. All Other Uses:

The maximum vehicle parking allowance, listed in Table 04-10: Maximum Vehicle Parking Allowance, shall be reduced by 50% in the TRO.

(C) Surface Material:

Except for single-family, duplex, triplex, and fourplex residences and parking structures all vehicle parking shall be constructed solely of permeable pavers.

- ii. The temporary retail activity shall be of the same nature as the permanent retail activity conducted on the property;
- iii. A temporary use permit shall be required and good for a maximum of 45 consecutive days;
- iv. A temporary use permit shall only be issued to the operator of the associated permanent retail use; and
- v. No property shall be issued more than one such temporary use permit in a calendar year.

(8) Outdoor Trash and Recyclables Receptacles

- (A) Outdoor trash and recyclables receptacles, dumpsters, compactors and similar containers shall be placed on a paved slab.
- (B) Outdoor trash receptacles, dumpsters, compactors and similar containers shall be effectively screened on all sides pursuant to Section 20.04.080(m) (Screening).
- (C) Screened outdoor storage facilities shall be adequately protected from damage by vehicles through the installation of bollards and shall be properly maintained and kept in good repair at all times.

(9) Swimming Pools

- (A) Swimming pools are subject to the Indiana Administrative Code (~~675 IAC 14-4.4-38675 IAC 20:~~ Swimming Pool Code), the standards of this UDO, and the standards of the Bloomington Municipal Code (BMC Section 14.36.160).
- (B) Pool and pool equipment shall be located no closer than 35 feet to the front property line and five feet from side and rear property lines.

(h) Temporary Uses

All temporary uses shown in Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table, shall comply with the following standards.

(1) Generally

(A) Permit Required

All temporary uses shall require a Temporary Use Permit pursuant to Section 20.06.050(k) (Temporary Use Permit), unless otherwise specified in this UDO. Uses not specifically authorized in Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table, shall be prohibited.

(B) Off-street Parking

Parking for temporary uses shall not result in parking for any other existing use on the property falling below the minimum off-street parking required by Section 20.04.060 (Parking and Loading), and shall not block any driveways or drive aisles required for access to any other existing use on the property.

(C) Public Rights-of-way

Temporary uses shall be arranged so that vehicles do not block a public right-of-way.

(d) Siltation and Erosion Prevention

(1) Applicability

- (A) This subsection applies to any land development or land-disturbing activities that include one or more of the following conditions:
- i. That disturbs a ground surface of 2,5001,000 square feet or more;
 - ii. That involves excavation or filling of dirt, sand, or clean fill, including but not limited to single-family development;
 - iii. That involves street, highway, or bridge construction, enlargement, relocation or reconstruction; or
 - iv. That involves the laying, repairing, replacing, or enlarging of an underground pipe, facility, or any utility.
- (B) All municipal government departments, including the City Utilities Department, shall comply with this section.

(2) Compliance with Other Regulations Also Required

Compliance with the requirements set out in this section shall not relieve any person of the independent obligation to comply with all applicable standards and practices set out in Indiana Administrative Code, 327 IAC 15 (Article 15), regarding stormwater runoff; the Indiana Stormwater Quality Manual developed by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM); all applicable provisions of Title 10 (Wastewater) of the Bloomington Municipal Code regarding stormwater runoff; and all applicable rules, regulations, standards and specifications of the City Utilities Department regarding stormwater management practices.

(3) Erosion and Pollutant Control Requirements

(A) Current Preferred Practices

All sites undergoing land disturbing activities, regardless of size, shall prevent the erosion of sediment or any other contaminant off site or conveyed into any bodies of water, either by wind or water. All land disturbing activities shall be protected by current preferred practices (CPP) including, but not limited to silt or erosion-control fences, filter socks, straw bales, sedimentation basins, articulated concrete blocks, mechanically stabilized earth, storm grate filters, or erosion control mats.

(B) Environmental Features

For land-disturbing activities that occur adjacent to environmentally sensitive areas including but not limited to steep slopes, sinkholes, floodplain, and riparian buffers; redundant erosion control measures, such as additional barriers and reduced timelines for soil stabilization, shall be required, as determined by the Planning and Transportation Director.

(C) Waste and Material Disposal

Waste and unused building materials (e.g., garbage, debris, cleaning wastes, concrete waste, wastewater, toxic materials or hazardous materials) shall be properly disposed of in facilities labeled and designed for the containment of those materials while minimizing air, soil, and water pollution to the maximum degree practicable.

- v. Installing a manufactured home on a new site or a new manufactured home on an existing site;
- vi. Installing a travel trailer or recreational vehicle on a site for more than 180 days;
- vii. Reconstruction or repairs made to a repetitive loss structure; and ~~(optional)~~
- viii. Addition or improvement made to any existing structure with a previous repair, addition or improvement constructed since the community's first floodplain ordinance. ~~(optional)~~

(B) Residential Construction.

- i. New construction or substantial improvement of any residential structures shall meet provisions described in Section 20.04.040(e)(2) and Section 20.04.040(e)(3).
- ii. In **Zone A and Zone AE**, new construction or substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have the lowest floor; including basement, at or above the FPG. Should solid foundation perimeter walls be used to elevate a structure, openings sufficient to facilitate the unimpeded movements of floodwaters shall be provided in accordance with the standards of Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(~~BE~~)(v). Should fill be used to elevate a structure, the standards of 20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(vi) must be met.
- iii. In **Zone AH**, new construction or substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have the lowest floor; including basement, at or above the FPG. Should solid foundation perimeter walls be used to elevate a structure, openings sufficient to facilitate the unimpeded movements of floodwaters shall be provided in accordance with the standards of Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(v). Should fill be used to elevate a structure, the standards of Section 20.04.040(e)(B)(vi) must be met. Drainage paths must be provided to guide floodwaters around and away from proposed structures to be constructed on slopes.
- iv. In **Zone AO**, new construction or substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated two feet (2') greater than the flood depth specified on the FIRM above the highest adjacent grade. If no flood depth is specified, the community shall use two feet as the minimum depth. Should solid foundation perimeter walls be used to elevate a structure, openings sufficient to facilitate the unimpeded movements of floodwaters shall be provided in accordance with the standards of Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(v). Should fill be used to elevate a structure, the standards of Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(vi) must be met. Drainage paths must be provided to guide floodwaters around and away from proposed structures to be constructed on slopes.
- v. **Fully enclosed areas** formed by foundation and other exterior walls below the flood protection grade shall meet the following requirement:
 - 1. Designed to preclude finished living space and designed to allow for the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters to equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls. Flood

openings must be designed and installed in compliance with criteria set out in FEMA Technical Bulletin 1. Flood openings must be designed and certified by a registered design professional (requires supporting engineering certification or make/model specific ICC-ES Report), or meet the following criteria for non-engineered flood openings:

- a. Provide a minimum of two openings on different sides of an enclosure. If there are multiple enclosed areas, each is required to meet the requirements for enclosures, including the requirement for flood openings in exterior walls (having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every one square foot of enclosed area);
 - b. The bottom of all openings shall be no more than one foot above the higher of the final interior grade (or floor) and the finished exterior grade immediately under each opening;
 - c. Doors and windows do not qualify as openings;
 - d. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, valves or other coverings or devices provided they permit the automatic flow of floodwaters in both directions;
 - e. Openings are to be not less than 3 inches in any direction in the plane of the wall. This requirement applies to the hole in the wall, excluding any device that may be inserted such as typical foundation air vent device. ~~(optional)~~
2. The floor of such enclosed area must be at or above grade on at least one side.
- vi. A residential structure may be constructed on **fill** in accordance with the following
1. Fill shall be placed in layers no greater than 1 foot deep before compacting to 95% of the maximum density obtainable with either the Standard or Modified Proctor Test method. The results of the test showing compliance shall be retained in the permit file;
 2. Fill shall extend 5 feet beyond the foundation of the structure before sloping below the BFE;
 3. Fill shall be protected against erosion and scour during flooding by vegetative cover, riprap, or bulk heading. If vegetative cover is used, the slopes shall be no steeper than 3' horizontal to 1' vertical;
 4. Fill shall not adversely affect the flow of surface drainage from or onto neighboring properties;
 5. Fill shall be composed of clean granular or earthen material. ~~(optional)~~

- vii. **Fully enclosed areas** formed by foundation and other exterior walls below the flood protection grade shall meet the following requirement:
1. Designed to preclude finished living space and designed to allow for the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters to equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls. Flood openings must be designed and installed in compliance with criteria set out in FEMA Technical Bulletin 1. Flood openings must be designed and certified by a registered design professional (requires supporting engineering certification or make/model specific ICC-ES Report), or meet the following criteria for non-engineered flood openings:
 - a. Provide a minimum of two openings on different sides of an enclosure. If more than one enclosed area is present, each must have openings on exterior walls (having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every one square foot of enclosed area);
 - b. The bottom of all openings shall be no more than one foot above the higher of the final interior grade (or floor) and the finished exterior grade immediately under each opening;
 - c. Doors and windows do not qualify as openings;
 - d. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, valves or other coverings or devices provided they permit the automatic flow of floodwaters in both directions;
 - e. Openings are to be not less than 3 inches in any direction in the plane of the wall. This requirement applies to the hole in the wall, excluding any device that may be inserted such as typical foundation air vent device. ~~(optional)~~
 2. The floor of such enclosed area must be at or above grade on at least one side.
- viii. A nonresidential structure may be **constructed on fill** in accordance with the following:
1. Shall be placed in layers no greater than 1 foot deep before compacting to 95% of the maximum density obtainable with either the Standard or Modified Proctor Test method. The results of the test showing compliance shall be retained in the permit file;
 2. Shall extend 5 feet beyond the foundation of the structure before sloping below the BFE;
 3. Shall be protected against erosion and scour during flooding by vegetative cover, riprap, or bulk heading. If vegetative cover is used, the slopes shall be no steeper than 3' horizontal to 1' vertical;
 4. Shall not adversely affect the flow of surface drainage from or onto neighboring properties;

5. Shall be composed of clean granular or earthen material. ~~(optional)~~
- ix. A nonresidential structure may be **floodproofed** in accordance with the following:
 1. A Registered Professional Engineer or Architect shall certify that the structure has been designed so that below the FPG, the structure and attendant utility facilities are watertight and capable of resisting the effects of the regulatory flood. The structure design shall take into account flood velocities, duration, rate of rise, hydrostatic pressures, and impacts from debris or ice. Such certification shall be provided to the Floodplain Administrator.
 2. Floodproofing measures shall be operable without human intervention and without an outside source of electricity.
 - x. A nonresidential structure may be constructed using a **stem wall foundation** (also called chain wall, raised-slab-on-grade, and slab-on-stem-wall-with-fill). Any backfilled stem wall foundation must be backfilled with compacted structural fill, concrete, or gravel that supports the floor slab. No flood openings are required for this type of construction.

(D) Manufactured Homes and Recreational Vehicles.

- i. These requirements apply to all manufactured homes to be placed on a site in the SFHA:
 1. The manufactured home shall be elevated on a permanent foundation such that the lowest floor shall be at or above the FPG and securely anchored to an adequately anchored foundation system to resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement.
 2. Fully enclosed areas formed by foundation and other exterior walls below the FPG shall be designed to preclude finished living space and designed to allow for the entry and exit of floodwaters to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls as required for elevated structures in Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(v).
 3. Flexible skirting and rigid skirting not attached to the frame or foundation of a manufactured home are not required to have openings. ~~(optional)~~
- ii. Recreational vehicles placed on a site in the SFHA shall either:
 1. Be on site for less than 180 days and be fully licensed and ready for use on a public highway (defined as being on its wheels or jacking system, is attached to the site only by quick disconnect type utilities and security devices, and has no permanently attached additions), or
 2. Meet the requirements for "manufactured homes" as stated earlier in this section.

(E) Accessory Structures

Within SFHAs, new construction or placement of an accessory structure must meet the following standards:

- i. Shall have a floor area of 400 square feet or less;
- ii. Use shall be limited to parking of vehicles and limited storage;
- iii. Shall not be used for human habitation;
- iv. Shall be constructed of flood resistant materials;
- v. Shall be constructed and placed on the lot to offer the minimum resistance to the flow of floodwaters;
- vi. Shall be firmly anchored to prevent flotation;
- vii. Service facilities such as electrical and heating equipment shall be elevated or floodproofed to or above the FPG;
- viii. Shall be designed to allow for the entry and exit of floodwaters to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls as required for elevated structures in Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(C)(~~iii~~vii); and
- ix. Shall not have subsequent additions or improvements that would preclude the structure from its continued designation as an accessory structure.

(F) Free-standing Pavilions, Gazebos, Decks, Carports, and Similar Development.

Within SFHAs, new construction or placement of free-standing pavilions, gazebos, decks, carports, and similar development must meet the following standards:

- i. Shall have open sides (having not more than one rigid wall);
- ii. Shall be anchored to prevent flotation or lateral movement;
- iii. Shall be constructed of flood resistant materials below the FPG;
- iv. Any electrical, heating, plumbing and other service facilities shall be located at/above the FPG;
- v. Shall not have subsequent additions or improvements that would preclude the development from its continued designation as a free-standing pavilion, gazebo, carport, or similar open-sided development.

(G) Above Ground Gas or Liquid Storage Tanks.

Within SFHAs, all newly placed aboveground gas or liquid storage tanks shall meet the requirements for a non-residential structure as required in Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(C).

(5) Standards for Subdivision and Other New Developments

- (A) All subdivision proposals and all other proposed new development shall be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage.
- (B) All subdivision proposals and all other proposed new development shall have public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems located and constructed to minimize flood damage.
- (C) All subdivision proposals and all other proposed new development shall have adequate drainage provided to reduce exposure to flood hazards.
- (D) In all areas of special flood hazard where base flood elevation data area not available, the applicant shall provide a hydrologic and hydraulic engineering analysis that generates base flood elevations for all subdivision proposals and all other proposed new development (including manufactured home parks and subdivisions), which is greater than the lesser of fifty (50) lots or five (5) acres, whichever is less.
- (E) All subdivision proposals shall ensure safe access into/out of SFHA for pedestrians and vehicles (especially emergency responders). ~~(optional)~~
- (F) Streets, blocks lots, parks and other public grounds shall be located and laid out in such a manner as to preserve and utilize natural streams and channels. Wherever possible the floodplains shall be included within parks or other public grounds. ~~(optional)~~

(6) Standards for Critical Facilities

Construction of new critical facilities shall be, to the extent possible, located outside the limits of the SFHA. Construction of new critical facilities shall be permissible within the SFHA if no feasible alternative site is available. Critical facilities constructed within the SFHA shall have the lowest floor elevated to or above the FPG at the site. Floodproofing and sealing measures must be taken to ensure that toxic substances will not be displaced by or released into floodwaters. Access routes elevated to or above the FPG shall be provided to all critical facilities to the extent possible.

(B) Street Classification

The classification of all streets shall be as indicated on the Transportation Plan as contained in the Comprehensive Plan.

(C) Distance Calculations

- i. The distances applicable to the standards outlined in this Section 20.04.050 shall be determined as follows:
 1. By measuring from the intersection right-of-way line to the back of curb or edge of pavement (whichever is less) of the entrance or drive; or
 2. By measuring from the back of curb or edge of pavement of the first entrance or drive to the back of curb or edge of pavement (whichever is less) to the second entrance or drive. These measurements are taken along the right-of-way line.
- ii. If the parcel is not large enough to achieve the separation required below, then the drive shall be installed at a location farthest from the intersection subject to approval by the City Transportation and Traffic Engineer.
- ~~iii.~~ The width of an allowed driveway shall be measured along the typical driving path at it's maximum width.

(D) Arterial or Collector Streets

i. Single-Family, Duplex, Triplex, and Fourplex Residential Uses

No entrance or drive along an arterial or collector street shall be installed within 50 feet of any intersecting street.

ii. All Other Uses

1. No entrance or drive along an arterial or collector street shall be installed:
 - [a] Within 150 feet of any intersecting street.
 - [b] Within 100 feet of another driveway entrance.
2. If the distance separation requirement cannot be met, then the entrance or drive shall be located equidistant from the two adjacent drives, or as approved by the City Engineer.

(E) Local Streets

i. Single-Family, Duplex, Triplex, and Fourplex Residential Uses

No entrance or drive along a local street shall be installed within 30 feet of any intersecting street.

ii. All Other Uses

1. No entrance or drive along a neighborhood street shall be installed:
 - [a] Within 100 feet of any intersecting street.
 - [b] Within 50 feet of another driveway entrance.
2. If the distance separation requirement cannot be met, then the entrance or drive shall be located equidistant from the two adjacent drives, or as approved by the City Engineer.

(F) Improved Alley Access in the R1, R2, R3, R4, RM, and MD Districts

A driveway accessing the street shall be prohibited if the side or rear setback is accessible via an improved alley. Required parking spaces pursuant to Section 20.04.060 (Parking and Loading), shall be accessed directly from the adjacent alley.

(3) Driveway and Access Design**(A) Generally**

- i. The City ~~Engineering Planning and Transportation~~ Department shall determine curb radii and other construction standards for all entrances based on the smallest design vehicle possible and to still accommodate the most common vehicle and occasional larger vehicles with appropriate encroachments, and whether an acceleration lane, deceleration lane, or passing blister is required.
- ii. Driveways shall not impede the flow of drainage. Where driveway culverts are necessary to accommodate drainage, the culvert pipe size shall be determined by a licensed engineer to prevent flooding.

(B) Driveway Pavement Widths**i. Single-Family, Duplex, Triplex, and Fourplex Residential Uses**

The width of a driveway between the required front building setback and the street shall not exceed 18 feet.

ii. All Other Uses

No entrance or drive located in the front yard of a property shall exceed the following pavement widths for two-way traffic (if one-way, the measurements shall be one-half of the below requirements):

1. 24 feet if from a nonresidential use onto an arterial or collector street. The City Engineer may authorize a 34-foot entrance to accommodate heavy truck use.
2. 24 feet if from a nonresidential use onto a local street.
3. 24 feet if from a mixed-use or multifamily residential use onto any type of street.

(C) Surface Material

- i. Unless specifically stated otherwise in this UDO, all entrances and drives shall be asphalt, concrete, or other material approved by the city.
- ii. The Planning and Transportation Director may approve structurally engineered, permeable parking pavers for entrances and drives provided these areas are intended for low intensity or intermittent vehicular use and pavers are designed and used to mitigate the negative environmental impacts of impervious surfaces.
- iii. Areas using permeable pavers shall not be counted in impervious surface calculations.
- iv. For new development, all driveway aprons onto a street shall be constructed of concrete.
- v. Enlargement or modification of an existing driveway shall require the driveway apron to be surfaced with asphalt or concrete.
- vi. Drive cuts shall ramp to meet the pedestrian and/or bicycle facility in order to keep the pedestrian and/or bicycle facility at the same grade, unless approved by the ~~City Transportation and Traffic~~ Engineer due to site elevation constraints.

- vii. Surface materials for single-family residential driveways shall be as required in Section 20.04.060(i)(7).

(4) Connectivity

Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing property.

(5) Vision Clearance Triangle

(A) Applicability

- i. A vision clearance triangle shall be maintained at every street intersection. Vision clearance triangles may be required at other vehicular connections as determined by staff.
- ii. Vision clearance triangles for intersections may be reduced upon a determination by the City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department that such a reduction is not expected to have a significant impact on vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian safety at the intersection and such a reduction is within engineering standards or guidelines for vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian modes.

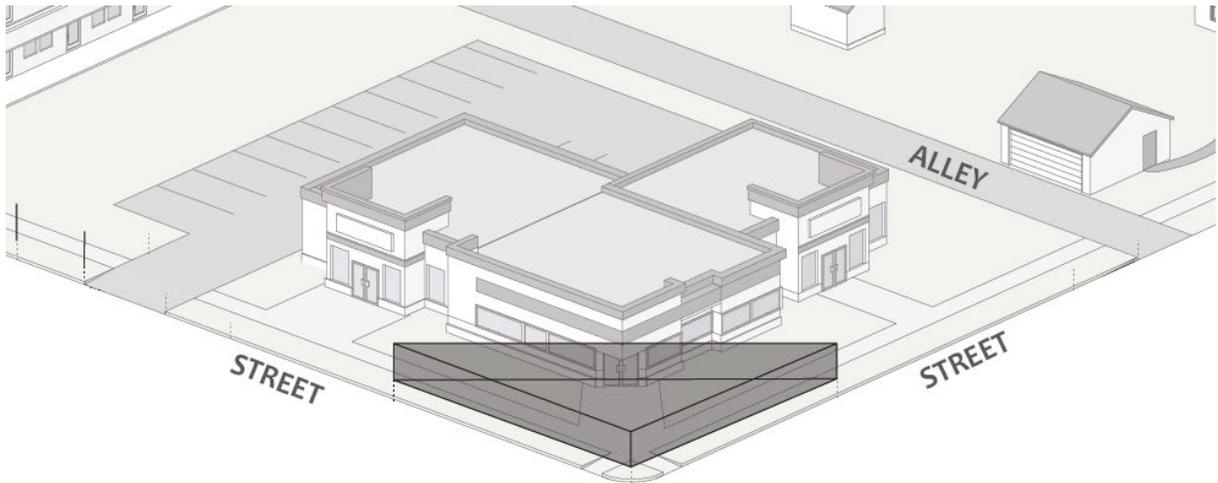


Figure 50: Vision Clearance Triangle

(B) Vision Clearance Triangle Leg Lengths

The vision clearance triangle leg lengths shall be as specified in the most current edition of the policy on geometric design of highways and streets published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials. Deviation from these standards shall require written approval from the City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department.

(C) Vertical Clear Area

No primary or accessory structures, landscaping, fences, walls or signs shall be placed in or to project into the vision clearance triangle between the heights of two and one-half feet and nine feet above the crown of the adjacent street.

(d) Pedestrian and Bicycle Circulation

(1) Purpose

To reduce greenhouse gas emissions and improve the health and quality of life of city residents by providing safe, convenient, and attractive pedestrian and bicycle transportation paths, sidewalks, trails, and other facilities throughout the City.

(2) Applicability

Pedestrian facilities shall be required on both sides of all streets, with the exception of new single-family, duplex, and triplex residences built on existing legal lots of record on non-classified (~~local neighborhood~~) streets with no adjacent pedestrian facilities, and additions to existing residential structures; ~~and except that culs-de-sac less than 300 feet in length and providing access to less than 10 residential units shall be required to provide pedestrian facilities on one side of the street.~~ All required trails and connector paths shall be provided. Where there are conflicting standards in this UDO and the most recently adopted Transportation Plan, the Planning and Transportation Director shall determine which standard governs.

(3) Inspection and Acceptance

Prior to the recommendation of issuance of a final certificate of occupancy, all transportation facilities located within the adjoining public right-of-way or dedicated easements shall be inspected for compliance with standards adopted by the City of Bloomington, the Bloomington Public Transportation Corporation, and/or AASHTO standards.

(4) Pedestrian Network Required

- (A) All developments shall integrate an interior and exterior pedestrian network comprised of concrete sidewalks or asphalt paths for pedestrian transportation and recreation. This network shall include pedestrian facilities along street frontages, multiuse trails where indicated on the Transportation Plan, and pedestrian connector paths between developments and public destinations (e.g., schools, parks, hospitals), nearby trails, other developments, and vacant land.
- (B) All concrete sidewalk and asphalt path improvements shall be constructed as per City Planning and Transportation Department and Engineering Department requirements.
- (C) All buildings shall have a sidewalk connection from the building entrance to the adjacent public street.

(5) Type of Pedestrian Facility

Required pedestrian facilities shall be as indicated in the Transportation Plan, unless it is determined by the Planning and Transportation Director that such facility should be altered to match adjacent facilities.

(6) Width

The minimum width of required pedestrian facilities shall be as indicated in the Transportation Plan unless specifically noted in Table 05-5: Subdivision Development Standards.

(I) Minimum Bicycle Parking Required

(1) Applicability

The following standards shall apply to all uses except for single-family, duplex, triplex, fourplex, mobile home, and manufactured home residential uses.

(2) Required Bicycle Parking Spaces

(A) Generally

- i. Each development subject to this Section 20.04.03(I) shall provide a minimum of six bicycle parking spaces or the number of bicycle parking spaces required in Table 04-13: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements, whichever is more.
- ii. The minimum number of bicycle parking spaces required in Table 04-13: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements shall be based on the total number of vehicle parking spaces provided on site or in a permitted off site location to serve the principal uses.

Table 04-13: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements

(Percentage of vehicle parking spaces provided on site or in a permitted off site location to serve the principal uses)

Use	All Other Zoning Districts	MD Zoning District
Residential Uses	10%, or one space per 5 bedrooms, whichever is more	20%, or one space per 5 bedrooms, whichever is more
Public, Institutional, and Civic Uses	5%	15%
Commercial Uses	5%	10%
Employment Uses	2%	5%

(B) Mixed-Use Developments

Developments with both nonresidential and residential uses shall provide the cumulative required number of bicycle parking spaces as calculated for the respective nonresidential and residential requirements in Table 04-13: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements.

(C) Cottage Development

A minimum of one class-2 bicycle parking space is required per dwelling unit. Secure garages may count toward this requirement, but a minimum of four class-2 bicycle parking spaces shall be provided.

(D) Building Expansions or Changes in Use

Building expansions or changes in use that require additional vehicle parking spaces pursuant to Section 20.04.060(b) shall also require additional bicycle parking spaces based on the percentages in Table 04-13: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements, as applied to the building expansion area or the additional parking required by the change in use.

(E) When No On-Site Vehicle Spaces are Provided

Where no vehicle parking spaces are provided on site, one bicycle parking space shall be required for every 5,000 square feet of gross floor area in each primary building, or a minimum of six bicycle parking spaces, whichever is greater.

3. Metal panel or siding (minimum 26 gauge) factory fabricated and finished system with smooth, embossed, or consistent rib pattern and concealed fasteners(except corrugated); or
4. Other products that replicate the appearance and durability of the above materials, as approved by the staff.

(D) Exterior Facades

All facades of a primary building shall incorporate three or more of the following design elements in each module to avoid blank, uninterrupted walls, except that buildings less than 40 feet in width shall incorporate a minimum of two of the design elements. A module can be a maximum of 40 feet in width..

- i. Awning or canopy that extends at least 24 inches from the building face;
- ii. Change in building facade height in relation to the adjacent modules of a minimum of five feet of difference, except that buildings 25 feet or less in height may utilize a minimum of two feet of difference;
- iii. A regular pattern of transparent glass constituting a minimum of 50 percent of the total wall/facade area of the first-floor facade/elevation facing a street;
- iv. Wall elevation recesses and/or projections, the depth that are at least three percent of the horizontal width of the building ~~facade~~facade and extend from the ground to the top of the building.

(E) Patterns

All facades of a primary building visible from any roadway shall contain the following color and texture changes:

- i. Facades shall consist of at least one primary and one secondary color.
- ii. At least one of these elements, either texture or color, shall repeat horizontally across the facade.
- iii. Variations in texture and color elements shall repeat vertically a minimum of every 30 feet.

(F) Eaves and Roofs

Buildings with sloped roofs (those greater than 3:12 pitch) visible from any roadway shall contain overhanging eaves, extending no less than two feet past the supporting walls. Flat roofs (those less than 3:12 pitch) shall include a parapet on supporting walls.

(G) 360-Degree Architecture

Those sides of a building that are not visible from the street frontage shall have a finished facade that is similar to the visible facades in terms of materials and architectural detailing.

(H) Primary Pedestrian Entry

- i. One primary pedestrian entrance shall be provided for every facade facing a street.
- ii. On corner or through lots, the facade facing the higher classified street shall have the primary pedestrian entrance. For purposes of this section, I-69 shall not be used as the higher classified street.
- iii. The pedestrian entry shall contain at least three of the following architectural details:
 1. Pilasters, change in building mass, or a distinct facade module projection;

- vi. Stone;
- vii. Split face block, ground face block, or brick;
- viii. Cast or cultured stone;
- ix. Cast in place concrete;
- x. Earthen structural materials;
- xi. Metal panel or siding (minimum 26 gauge) factory fabricated and finished system with smooth, embossed, or consistent rib pattern and concealed fasteners(except corrugated); or
- xii. Other materials that replicate the look and durability of the above materials, as approved by the staff.

(C) Minimum Coverage

Exterior finish building materials listed above, or a combination of such materials, shall extend from roofline to within six inches of finished grade.

(D) Foundations

All buildings shall be placed on permanent foundations.

(E) Roofs

- i. For attached and detached single-family dwellings, duplex, triplex, fourplex, and multifamily dwelling units that have sloped roofs, the roof shall consist of shingles, shakes, tile, standing-seam metal, or V-rib-grain metal. Additions to attached or detached single-family dwelling units may use flat roofs (less than a 3:12 roof pitch).
- ii. Primary structures larger than 1,000 square feet of gross floor area may use a flat roof (less than 3:12 roof pitch) with a parapet and shall comply with any applicable standards established in Subsection 20.03.030: *Use-Specific Standards*.

(F) Rain Gutters and Downspouts

Rain gutters and downspouts are required.

(G) Uniform Architecture

When the rear or side facade of a newly constructed building is adjacent to a street, the architecture of these facades shall be made to match that of the front facade. Such matching shall occur through use of similar materials, window/doorway openings, variation in rooflines, or fenestration.

(H) Patterns

In the case of new construction of multifamily units in the RM and RH zoning districts, all facades of a primary building visible from any roadway shall contain the following color and texture changes:

- i. Facades shall consist of at least one primary and one secondary color.
- ii. At least one of these elements, either texture or color, shall repeat horizontally across the facade.
- iii. Variations in texture and color elements shall repeat vertically a minimum of every 30 feet.

(C) Through Lots

On through lots where the structure has two front building walls, one frontage shall be considered a secondary front building wall.

- i. Fences and walls along the front setback of the front building wall shall comply with Section 20.04.080(n)(3)(A).
- ii. Fences and walls greater than four feet in height, along the lot frontage of the secondary front building wall, when adjacent to a local street or secondary collector street, shall meet the building setback.
- iii. Fences and walls greater than four feet in height, along the lot frontage of the secondary front building wall, when adjacent to a primary collector street or arterial street, shall be set back at least 10 feet from the property line.
- iv. The portion of fences up to and between the build to line/building setback line and the secondary front building wall that exceed five feet in height, shall, by use of voids and solids via latticework or other similar techniques, be of open construction. This portion of the fence shall be constructed of materials widely accepted in the fence industry for permanent open-topped fencing.
- v. Where no primary structure exists on the parcel, fences and walls shall not exceed four feet in height, except as provided in Subsection (1)(G) above.

(4) Fence and Wall Design

(A) Prohibitions

Except in the EM zoning district, the following shall be prohibited from use as a component of a fence or wall:

- i. Barbed wire;
- ii. Security wire;
- iii. Sharpened top spikes;
- iv. Electrified wires; and
- v. Other similar elements or materials.

(B) Orientation

Fences and walls shall present the nonstructural face outward towards adjacent parcels and any adjacent public right-of-way.

(C) Vision Clearance

Fences and walls shall meet all vision clearance standards in Section 20.04.050(c)(~~54~~) (Vision Clearance Triangle).

(d) Multifamily Residential Lighting

A parcel occupied by a multifamily dwelling shall not be illuminated by more than 6,000 lumens per primary structure, including a maximum of 2,000 lumens per building entryway of any combination of motion detector activated lighting and bulbs rated at no more than 1,000 lumens.

(e) Mixed-Use and Nonresidential Lighting

(1) Adjacent to Residential Districts

Mixed-use and nonresidential uses bordered by any R1, R2, R3, R4, or ~~RMHMM~~ zoning district shall be allowed a total light output of not more than 40,000 lumens per acre. Provided, regardless of parcel size, the allowance shall be sufficient to provide a maximum of 2,500 lumens per entryway with motion detector activated lighting counted as one-half lumens.

(2) Use-Specific Conditions**(A) Canopies, Pavilions, or Drive-Through Bays****i. Illuminance**

The canopy, pavilion, or drive-through bay shall be designed to achieve no greater than the minimal illuminance level of a service station pump island as recommended by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA RP-33: Lighting for Exterior Environments).

ii. Shielding

All light fixtures mounted on or recessed into the lower surface of canopies, pavilions, or drive-through bays shall be full cutoff, fully shielded and use flat lenses. Such fixtures shall be recessed so the fixture does not extend below the lower horizontal surface of the canopy, pavilion, or drive-through bay.

(B) Outdoor Recreational Facilities**i. Illuminance**

All lighting installations shall be designed to achieve no greater than the minimal illuminance levels for the activity as recommended by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA RP-6: Sports and Recreational Area Lighting).

ii. Light Trespass

All lighting fixtures shall be installed so that light trespass from any property line, except a property line abutting a public street, shall not exceed two footcandles at a point one meter beyond the property line.

iii. Restriction

Field lighting for all outdoor recreational facilities shall be turned off within 30 minutes after the completion of the last event of the night.

20.04.100 Signs

(a) Purpose

The intent of these sign standards is to:

- (1) Accomplish the goals of the Comprehensive Plan;
- (2) Avoid unnecessary proliferation of signs;
- (3) Provide developments with appropriate identification;
- (4) Create a consistent streetscape;
- (5) Maintain and enhance the aesthetic environment of the city and its City;
- (6) Eliminate potential hazards to motorists and pedestrians resulting from sign clutter; and
- (7) Promote the health, safety, and welfare of the residents of the City of Bloomington.
- (8) No part of these standards shall in any way be interpreted to infringe upon those rights guaranteed by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution or Article 1, Section 9 of the Indiana Constitution.

(b) Applicability

No sign or advertising device shall be established, altered, changed, erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved, divided, enlarged, demolished or maintained except in compliance with this Section 20.04.100.

(c) Permit Requirements

(1) Generally

A sign permit shall be required for all signs located, erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved, or altered unless specifically exempted by this Section 20.04.100.

(2) Signs not Requiring a Permit

The following signs are exempt from the requirement to obtain a sign permit, unless specifically required by another subsection of this Section 20.04.100.

(A) Public Signs

Any signs erected, or required to be erected, by a unit of local, state, or federal government. City of Bloomington public signs are exempt from signage regulations.

(B) Small Signs

Any sign of not more than one and one-half square feet in area. [Such signs are exempt from signage regulations except 20.04.100\(f\).](#)

(C) Temporary Signs

- i. In all zoning districts, each property is allowed to have two signs, neither of which shall exceed five square feet in area, and one additional sign that shall not exceed eight square feet in area.
- ii. In nonresidential and mixed-use zoning districts, each vacant property, or property that is under construction, is allowed to have one sign that shall not exceed 32 square feet in area.

iv. Creation or expansion of any vehicular parking area.

(B) Activities Exempt from Site Plan Review

Site plan review is not required for the following activities, but such activities shall be subject to the standards of this UDO and building permit review:

- i. Construction of a single-family detached, duplex, triplex, or fourplex dwelling on a single lot, additions to such dwellings, an accessory dwelling unit, and structures accessory to such dwellings; and
- ii. Construction or erection of accessory buildings, fences, hedges, or walls; and
- iii. Interior tenant alterations or improvements that do not increase parking requirements or alter exterior building appearances.
- iv. Projects that fall below the thresholds for minor site plan review in Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(C)i).
- v. [Activities that require a grading permit but do not require any site improvements.](#)

(C) Thresholds for Minor and Major Site Plan Review

Site plan review is conducted by the Planning and Transportation Director or the Plan Commission, based on the thresholds below:

i. Minor Site Plan Review

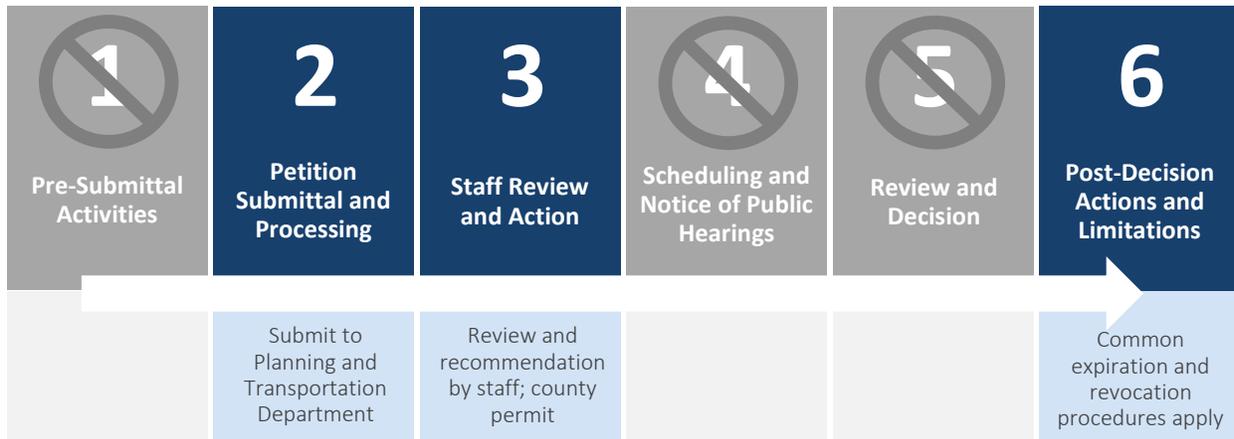
Minor site plan review is required for any of the following activities unless that activity is exempt from the site plan process under Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(B), or the project meets or exceeds the thresholds requiring major site plan review under Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(C)ii:

1. A change in use that involves or requires site improvements;
2. Any expansion, alteration, or modification of a lawful nonconforming site feature or building that meets or exceeds the thresholds established in Section 20.06.090(f)(2) (Limited Compliance), and falls below the thresholds for major site plan review in Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(C)(ii).
3. Development that contains 20,000 square feet or less of new non-residential gross floor area;
4. Development that contains 50 dwelling units or less;
[\(empty 5 removed and auto-renumbered below\)](#)
5. The alteration of any vehicular parking area;
6. Petitions for a grading permit where site improvements are required; or
7. Projects that qualify for affordable housing incentives and/or sustainable development incentives established in Section 20.04.110 (Incentives), provided that, if located adjacent to one or more lots in an R1, R2, R3, or R4 district or such project does not contain more than 75 dwelling units.

ii. Major Site Plan Review

Major site plan approval is required for any project that meets or exceeds the following criteria, unless otherwise exempted from site plan review under Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(B):

Figure 06.05-8: Summary of Certificate of Occupancy Procedure



(A) Petition Submittal and Processing

The Certificate of Occupancy petition shall be submitted, accepted, and revised, and may be withdrawn, in accordance with Section 20.06.040(c) (Petition Submittal and Processing).

(B) Staff Review and Action

i. Temporary Certificate of Occupancy:

1. For a recommendation for a temporary Certificate of Occupancy to be issued each of the following shall be successfully completed:
 - [a] Installation of required public and internal sidewalk improvements;
 - [b] Installation of required parking areas surfaced and striped, including installation of upright ADA signage; and
 - [c] Safe ingress and egress from all principal buildings.
2. All recommendations for a temporary Certificate of Occupancy are contingent upon approvals from the Monroe County Building Department, Monroe County Health Department, City of Bloomington Fire Department, City of Bloomington Housing and Neighborhood Development Department, [City of Bloomington Engineering Department](#), and City Utilities Department, if applicable.
3. A recommendation for a final Certificate of Occupancy shall be obtained within six weeks of the date of the recommendation for the temporary Certificate of Occupancy. Due to weather or other circumstances, this period may be extended for a period of up to six months at the discretion of the Planning and Transportation Director or designee.

ii. Final Certificate of Occupancy

1. For a recommendation for a final Certificate of Occupancy to be issued, the installation of all required site, lighting, landscaping, and elevations as approved by the Certificate of Zoning Compliance(s) shall be successfully completed.

2. All recommendations for a final Certificate of Occupancy are contingent upon approvals from the Monroe County Building Department, Monroe County Health Department, City of Bloomington Fire Department, City of Bloomington Housing and Neighborhood Development Department, [City of Bloomington Engineering Department](#), and City Utilities Department, if applicable.

(C) Post-Decision Actions and Limitations

Post-decision actions and limitations shall be pursuant to Monroe County standards and procedures.

(h) Certificate of Final Acceptance

(1) Purpose

The Certificate of Final Acceptance procedure is intended to provide a mechanism for the City to ensure that public facility improvements and installations conform to the standards of this UDO.

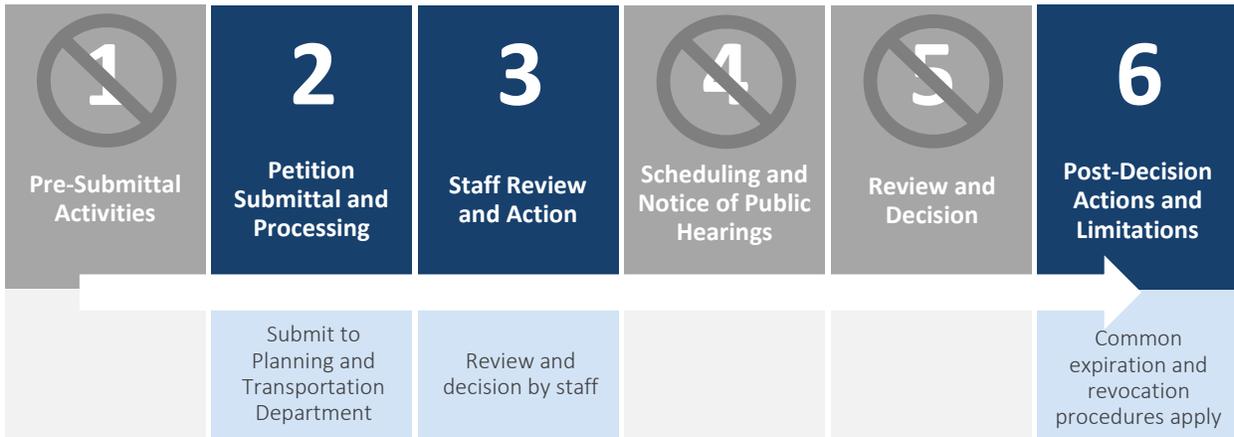
(2) Applicability

A Certificate of Final Acceptance shall be required for any project for which a performance bond has been submitted and upon the completion of any required public facility improvements and installations.

(3) Certificate of Final Acceptance Review Process

Figure 06.05-9 identifies the applicable steps from 20.06.040 (Common Review Procedures) that apply to Certificate of Final Acceptance review. Additions or modifications to the common review procedures are noted below.

Figure 06.05-9: Summary of Certificate of Final Acceptance Procedure



(A) Petition Submittal and Processing

The Certificate of Final Acceptance petition shall be submitted, accepted, and revised, and may be withdrawn, in accordance with Section 20.06.040(c) (Petition Submittal and Processing).

(B) Staff Review and Action

i. Inspection

The Planning and Transportation Department and Engineering Department staff shall inspect the improvements for compliance with this UDO and any other applicable City Planning and Transportation Department and City Engineering Department requirements.

ii. Recommendation

The City ~~Planning and Transportation~~Engineering Department shall recommend that the performance bond be released, extended, reduced, or declared in default based on the results of the inspection of improvements, and the City Engineer ~~Planning and Transportation Director~~ shall act on the recommended release, extension, reduction, or default of the performance bond after acceptance of the improvements by the Board of Public Works.

iii. Improvements

The Board of Public Works will consider acceptance of public improvements that meet the following conditions:

1. The completed public improvements shall comply with this UDO; have been constructed in accordance with City Engineering ~~Planning and Transportation~~ Department standards and specifications; and have been installed in accordance with the approved plans; and
2. All inspections required by the Bloomington Municipal Code have been completed and the improvements found to be acceptable by the City Engineering~~Planning and Transportation~~ Department.

(C) Post-Decision Actions and Limitations

The City Planning and Transportation Department and City Engineering Department shall maintain records of all petitions, plans, and permits filed for a Certificate of Final Acceptance.

(i) Certificate of Nonconforming Use

(1) Purpose and Applicability

A person who owns or operates a nonconforming use that has not been deemed abandoned pursuant to Section 20.06.090(c)(3) (Abandonment of a Nonconforming Use), may request a Certificate of Nonconforming Use to protect the lawful nonconforming status.

(2) Certificate of Nonconforming Use Review Process

Figure 06.05-11 identifies the applicable steps from 20.06.040 (Common Review Procedures) that apply to certificate of nonconforming use review. Additions or modifications to the common review procedures are noted below.

i. Effect of Approval

1. After compliance with this UDO and upon approval of the secondary plat, the Planning and Transportation Director shall sign and seal the plat at the appropriate locations.
2. The staff shall then notify the petitioner of the Planning and Transportation Director's actions.
3. The petitioner shall then file the secondary plat for recording in the Office of the Monroe County Recorder, as required by law.
4. Within 30 days after recording the secondary plat, the petitioner shall provide the City Planning and Transportation Department with a copy of the recorded plat in a form acceptable to the city.

ii. Expiration of Secondary Plat

1. If the secondary plat, or a phase thereof, has not been recorded within a maximum period of six months from the date of approval by the Plan Commission or Plat Committee, the secondary plat shall be null and void and the secondary plat must again be submitted for approval, to the extent permitted by Section 20.01.040(b) (Effect of Change in the Law after Filing of Complete).
2. For a secondary plat where an initial phase was recorded within six months of the date of approval by the Plan Commission or Plat Committee, successive phases shall be recorded within 18 months of the previous phase. If a successive phase fails to meet the 18-month requirement, the approval of the phases that have not been recorded shall be null and void, but only the secondary plat must again be submitted for approval, to the extent permitted by Section 20.01.040(b) (Effect of Change in the Law after Filing of Complete).

iii. Financial Bond Required

1. Purpose

In conjunction with the approval of a secondary plat, the petitioner shall be required to provide a financial performance guarantee, by performance bond or an irrevocable, unconditional, acceptable letter of credit issued by a financial institution acceptable to the city, that all public facility improvements and installations required under the provisions of this UDO and Planning and Transportation and Engineering Departments requirements shall be completed.

2. Applicability

[a] A performance agreement between the petitioner and the city, supported by a performance surety or irrevocable letter of credit, shall be required ensuring the timely and proper installation of required public facility improvements; provided, however, that any improvements to be dedicated to Monroe County within the City of Bloomington shall be bonded in accordance with Monroe County bonding policy.

- [b] The performance guarantee for each individual public facility improvement or installation may be handled separately and shall in no way be contingent on the completion of any other individual public facility improvements and installations or their performance guarantees.
- [c] The posting of a performance guarantee may be accepted for incomplete requirements that will be completed as per a written agreement with the city. The time period and amount of the performance guarantee shall be determined by the Board of Public Works and shall comply with Indiana Code § 36-7-4-709(i).
- [d] The posting of a performance guarantee is not required when the petitioner is the City of Bloomington.

3. Review

The City ~~Planning and Transportation~~Engineering Department shall review the estimate upon receipt of a complete petition and supportive documents. The City ~~Planning and Transportation~~Engineering Department shall verify that the performance bond or letter of credit shall:

- [a] Be in a sum of not less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the approved estimate of the total improvement construction cost of the project in order to be sufficient to complete the improvements and installations in compliance with this UDO and City ~~Planning and Transportation~~Engineering Department requirements;
- [b] Provide bond satisfactory to the city or to the county;
- [c] Run to and be in favor of the city or the county;
- [d] Specify the time for the completion of the improvements and installations (both on site and off site);
- [e] Be in effect and shall not terminate until a period of two years after the date of substantial completion of the public improvements, but in no situation shall the performance bond or letter of credit be permitted to have an effective period greater than three years;
- [f] Notwithstanding any partial release of the performance bond or letter of credit pursuant to subsection [e] above, the City shall require a maintenance bond to remain in effect for a period of two years after the certificate of final acceptance is approved. The maintenance bond shall be in the amount of five percent of the original performance bond, or \$10,000.00, whichever is greater, or as determined by the ~~City Transportation and Traffic~~Engineer; and
- [g] Be in a form approved by the City Legal Department.

4. Report

The City ~~Engineering Planning and Transportation~~Department shall recommend approval or rejection of the performance bond to the Board of Public Works.

5. **Record**

The City Planning and Transportation and Engineering Departments shall maintain records of all petitions, plans, and permits filed for a performance bond.

6. **Time Limit**

The completion of public facility improvements and installations shall be within two years of the approval of the project. The approval date of the project is the date of the Plan Commission or Plat Committee hearing at which the Secondary Plat was approved or the date the Planning and Transportation Director signed the Secondary Plat (if the Plat was delegated to staff approval.)

7. **Extension of Completion Time**

Should the petitioner not complete the public facility improvements and installations as herein required within a two year period, the City Planning and Transportation Department may approve the petitioner's written request for an extension of time for up to one additional year, granted at six month intervals and conditioned in every case upon extension or renewal of the bond accordingly, for completion of the required public facility improvements and installations, but in no situation shall an extension of a performance bond or letter of credit be permitted to have an effective period greater than three years.

8. **Nonperformance**

Should the petitioner not complete the public facility improvements and installations as required by this UDO within the two year period or within any time extension approved by the City Planning and Transportation Department, the city may take the necessary steps to proceed with the completion of the public facility improvements and installations, making use of the performance bond or letter of credit.

9. **Expiration**

The performance bond or letter of credit shall be in effect and shall not terminate until 30 calendar days after the certificate of final acceptance is approved by the City Planning and Transportation Engineering Department, and the maintenance bond has been accepted.

10. **Performance Bond Reductions**

[a] Annual partial releases of performance sureties held by the city shall be approved by the City Planning and Transportation Engineering Department in accordance with a partial release schedule agreed to in a signed written document, after that document has been signed by the City Engineer ~~Planning and Transportation Director~~ or his or her designee, and the developer or his or her designee.

[b] The following standards shall apply to any request for a bond reduction:

- i. No more than three reductions shall be permitted within any 24-month period.

(B) Floodplain Variance

- i. The Board of Zoning Appeals or Hearing Officer, in accordance with the procedures established in this UDO, may grant variances from the standards in Section 20.04.040(e) (Provisions for Flood Hazard Reduction), only when a new structure is to be located on a lot of one half acre or less in size, contiguous to and surrounded by lots with existing structures constructed below the flood protection grade.
- ii. Variances may be granted for the reconstruction, restoration, repair, or rehabilitation of any structure individually listed on the National Register of Historic Places or the Indiana State Register of Historic Sites and Structures. Upon a determination that the proposed repair or rehabilitation will not preclude the structure’s continued designation as an “historic structure” and the variance is the minimum to preserve the historic character and design of the structure.
- iii. No variance for a residential use within a floodway that requires a permit for construction in a floodway from the Indiana Department of Natural Resources pursuant to the provisions of IC 14-28-1 or a project that is subject to 20.04.040(e)(2)(C) ~~Error! Reference source not found. (Error! Reference source not found.)~~, may be granted.

(3) Variance Review Process

Figure 06.05-3 identifies the applicable steps from 20.06.040 (Common Review Procedures) that apply to variance review. Additions or modifications to the common review procedures are noted below.

Figure 06.08-1: Summary of Variance Procedure



(A) Pre-Submittal Activities

- i. A pre-submittal meeting shall be held in accordance with Section 20.06.040(b)(1) (Pre-Submittal Meeting).
- ii. Petitions subject to review and decision by the Hearing Officer shall not require a Development Review Committee meeting.

- [a] The neighborhood transition standards substantially reduce or eliminate the building height incentive that would otherwise be allowed through the affordable housing incentive; and.
- [b] The development impact to abutting and adjacent properties is minimized through building placement, design, and massing.

3. **Determinate Sidewalk Variance Approval Criteria**

While not to be included as separate findings of fact, items to consider when determining the practical difficulties or peculiar conditions associated with a determinate sidewalk variance include, but are not limited to:

- [a] That the topography of the lot or tract together with the topography of the adjacent lots or tract and the nature of the street right-of-way make it impractical for construction of a sidewalk; or
- [b] That the pedestrian traffic reasonably to be anticipated over and along the street adjoining such lot or tract upon which new construction is to be erected is not and will not be such as to require sidewalks to be provided for the safety of pedestrians; or
- [c] The adjacent lot or tracts are at present developed without sidewalks and there is no reasonable expectation of additional sidewalk connections on the block in the near future; or
- [d] The location of the lot or tract is such that a complete pedestrian network is present on the other side of the street on the same block; or
- [e] Uniformity of development of the area would best be served by deferring sidewalk construction on the lot or tract until some future date.

ii. **Floodplain Variance**

1. **Review Considerations**

In reviewing floodplain variance requests, the Board of Zoning Appeals or the Hearing Officer shall consider all technical evaluations, all relevant factors, all standards specified in other sections of this ordinance, and the following:

- [a] The danger of life and property due to flooding or erosion damage.
- [b] The susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual owner.
- [c] The importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community.
- [d] The necessity of the facility to a waterfront location, where applicable.
- [e] The availability of alternative locations for the proposed use which are not subject to flooding or erosion damage.
- [f] The compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development.
- [g] The relationship of the proposed use to the Comprehensive Plan and floodplain management program for that area.

ZO-04-24 Technical Changes

Page	Chapter	Citation	Current Language	Proposed Language	Synopsis
15,17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57	2	20.02	The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.010 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.	The following table is a summary of the district-specific dimensional standards. Additional standards from Section 20.04.010 (Dimensional Standards) also apply.	Fixes incorrect citation in the summary table.
70	2	20.02.050(b)(8)(B)(i)	Housing Living Uses	Household Housing Living Uses	Corrects title of section to match the correct subheading
114	3	20.03.030(g)(9)(A)	(A) Swimming pools are subject to the Indiana Administrative Code (675 IAC 20: Swimming Pool Code), the standards of this UDO, and the standards of the Bloomington Municipal Code (BMC Section 14.36.160).	(A) Swimming pools are subject to the Indiana Administrative Code (675 IAC-20: 675 IAC 14-4.4-38 Swimming Pool Code), the standards of this UDO, and the standards of the Bloomington Municipal Code (BMC Section 14.36.160).	Fixes incorrect citation.
129	4	20.04.030(d)(1)(A)(f)	i. That disturbs a ground surface of 1,000 square feet or more;	i. That disturbs a ground surface of 1,000 2,500 square feet or more;	synchs this disturbance area standard with grading permit thresholds
154	4	20.04.040(e)(4)(A)(vii)	i. Reconstruction or repairs made to a repetitive loss structure; and (optional)	i. Reconstruction or repairs made to a repetitive loss structure; and (optional)	Removes unnecessary word.
154	4	20.04.040(e)(4)(A)(viii)	i. Addition or improvement made to any existing structure with a previous repair, addition or improvement constructed since the community's first floodplain ordinance. (optional)	i. Addition or improvement made to any existing structure with a previous repair, addition or improvement constructed since the community's first floodplain ordinance. (optional)	Removes unnecessary word.
154	4	20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(ii)	i. In Zone A and Zone AE , new construction or substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have the lowest floor; including basement, at or above the FPG. Should solid foundation perimeter walls be used to elevate a structure, openings sufficient to facilitate the unimpeded movements of floodwaters shall be provided in accordance with the standards of Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(C)(v). Should fill be used to elevate a structure, the standards of 20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(vi) must be met.	i. In Zone A and Zone AE, new construction or substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have the lowest floor; including basement, at or above the FPG. Should solid foundation perimeter walls be used to elevate a structure, openings sufficient to facilitate the unimpeded movements of floodwaters shall be provided in accordance with the standards of Section 20.04.040(e)(4) (E) (B)(v). Should fill be used to elevate a structure, the standards of 20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(vi) must be met.	incorrect citation
155	4	20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(v)(1)(e)	a. Openings are to be not less than 3 inches in any direction in the plane of the wall. This requirement applies to the hole in the wall, excluding any device that may be inserted such as typical foundation air vent device. (optional)	a. Openings are to be not less than 3 inches in any direction in the plane of the wall. This requirement applies to the hole in the wall, excluding any device that may be inserted such as typical foundation air vent device. (optional)	Removes unnecessary word.
155	4	20.04.040(e)(4)(B)(vi)(5)	1. Fill shall be composed of clean granular or earthen material. (optional)	1. Fill shall be composed of clean granular or earthen material. (optional)	Removes unnecessary word.
157	4	20.04.040(e)(4)(C)(vii)(1)(e)	Openings are to be not less than 3 inches in any direction in the plane of the wall. This requirement applies to the hole in the wall, excluding any device that may be inserted such as typical foundation air vent device. (optional)	Openings are to be not less than 3 inches in any direction in the plane of the wall. This requirement applies to the hole in the wall, excluding any device that may be inserted such as typical foundation air vent device. (optional)	Removes unnecessary word.
158	4	20.04.040(e)(4)(C)(viii)(5)	1. Shall be composed of clean granular or earthen material. (optional)	1. Shall be composed of clean granular or earthen material. (optional)	Removes unnecessary word.
158	4	20.04.040(e)(4)(D)(i)(3)	3. Flexible skirting and rigid skirting not attached to the frame or foundation of a manufactured home are not required to have openings. (optional)	3. Flexible skirting and rigid skirting not attached to the frame or foundation of a manufactured home are not required to have openings. (optional)	Removes unnecessary word.
159	4	20.04.040(e)(4)(E)(viii)	i. Shall be designed to allow for the entry and exit of floodwaters to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls as required for elevated structures in Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(C)(iii); and	i. Shall be designed to allow for the entry and exit of floodwaters to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls as required for elevated structures in Section 20.04.040(e)(4)(C) (iii) (vii); and	Fixes incorrect citation
160	4	20.04.040(e)(5)(E)	All subdivision proposals shall ensure safe access into/out of SFHA for pedestrians and vehicles (especially emergency responders). (optional)	All subdivision proposals shall ensure safe access into/out of SFHA for pedestrians and vehicles (especially emergency responders). (optional)	Removes unnecessary word.
160	4	20.04.040(e)(5)(F)	(B) Streets, blocks lots, parks and other public grounds shall be located and laid out in such a manner as to preserve and utilize natural streams and channels. Wherever possible the floodplains shall be included within parks or other public grounds. (optional)	(B) Streets, blocks lots, parks and other public grounds shall be located and laid out in such a manner as to preserve and utilize natural streams and channels. Wherever possible the floodplains shall be included within parks or other public grounds. (optional)	Removes unnecessary word.
162	4	20.04.050(c)(2)(C)(ii)	...Transportation and Traffic Engineer.	... Transportation and Traffic City Engineer.	Correcting title.
163	4	20.04.050(c)(3)(A)(i)	The City Planning and Transportation Department shall determine curb radii and other construction standards for all entrances based on the smallest design vehicle possible and to still accommodate the most common vehicle and occasional larger vehicles with appropriate encroachments, and whether an acceleration lane, deceleration lane, or passing blister is required.	The City Planning and Transportation Engineering City Planning and Transportation Engineering Department shall determine curb radii and other construction standards for all entrances based on the smallest design vehicle possible and to still accommodate the most common vehicle and occasional larger vehicles with appropriate encroachments, and whether an acceleration lane, deceleration lane, or passing blister is required.	Correcting a reference that should be the Engineering Department.
163	4	20.04.050(c)(3)(B)(ii)(3)	24 feet if from a mixed-use multifamily residential use onto any type of street	24 feet if from a mixed-use or multifamily residential use onto any type of street	Adds missing word
163	4	20.04.050(c)(3)(C)(vi)	Drive cuts shall ramp to meet the pedestrian and/or bicycle facility in order to keep the pedestrian and/or bicycle facility at the same grade, unless approved by the Transportation and Traffic Engineer due to site constraints.	Drive cuts shall ramp to meet the pedestrian and/or bicycle facility in order to keep the pedestrian and/or bicycle facility at the same grade, unless approved by the City Transportation and Traffic City Engineer due to site constraints.	Correcting title.

164	4	20.04.050(c)(5)(A)(ii)	Vision clearance triangles for intersections may be reduced upon a determination by the City Planning and Transportation Department that such a reduction is not expected to have a significant impact on vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian safety at the intersection and such a reduction is within engineering standards or guidelines for vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian modes.	Vision clearance triangles for intersections may be reduced upon a determination by the City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department that such a reduction is not expected to have a significant impact on vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian safety at the intersection and such a reduction is within engineering standards or guidelines for vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian modes.	Correcting a reference that should be the Engineering Department.
164	4	20.04.050(c)(5)(B)	The vision clearance triangle leg lengths shall be as specified in the most current edition of the policy on geometric design of highways and streets published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials. Deviation from these standards shall require written approval from the City Planning and Transportation Department.	The vision clearance triangle leg lengths shall be as specified in the most current edition of the policy on geometric design of highways and streets published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials. Deviation from these standards shall require written approval from the City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department.	Correcting a reference that should be the Engineering Department.
165	4	20.04.050(d)(2)	Pedestrian facilities shall be required on both sides of all streets, with the exception of new single-family, duplex, and triplex residences built on existing legal lots of record on non-classified (neighborhood) streets with no adjacent pedestrian facilities, and additions to existing residential structures; and except that culs-de-sac less than 300 feet in length and providing access to less than 10 residential units shall be required to provide pedestrian facilities on one side of the street. All required trails and connector paths shall be provided. Where there are conflicting standards in this UDO and the most recently adopted Transportation Plan, the Planning and Transportation Director shall determine which standard governs.	Pedestrian facilities shall be required on both sides of all streets, with the exception of new single-family, duplex, and triplex residences built on existing legal lots of record on non-classified (neighborhood or local) streets with no adjacent pedestrian facilities, and additions to existing residential structures; and except that culs-de-sac less than 300 feet in length and providing access to less than 10 residential units shall be required to provide pedestrian facilities on one side of the street. All required trails and connector paths shall be provided. Where there are conflicting standards in this UDO and the most recently adopted Transportation Plan, the Planning and Transportation Director shall determine which standard governs.	Clarifies wording to match nomenclature of Transportation Plan
185	4	20.04.060(l) Table 04-13	(Percentage of vehicle parking spaces provided on site)	(Percentage of vehicle parking spaces provided on site or in a permitted off site location to serve the principal uses)	Syncs language to match preceding section.
192	4	20.04.070(d)(2)(C)(ii)(3)	Metal panel or siding (minimum 26 gauge) factory fabricated and finished system with smooth, embossed, or consistent rib pattern and concealed fasteners(except corrugated); or	Metal panel or siding (minimum 26 gauge gauge) factory fabricated and finished system with smooth, embossed, or consistent rib pattern and concealed fasteners(except corrugated); or	Misspelled word
194	4	20.04.070(d)(3)(B)(xi)	Metal panel or siding (minimum 26 gauge) factory fabricated and finished system with smooth, embossed, or consistent rib pattern and concealed fasteners(except corrugated); or	Metal panel or siding (minimum 26 gauge gauge) factory fabricated and finished system with smooth, embossed, or consistent rib pattern and concealed fasteners(except corrugated); or	Misspelled word
228	4	20.04.080(n)(4)(C)	Fences and walls shall meet all vision clearance standards in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Vision Clearance Triangle).	Fences and walls shall meet all vision clearance standards in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (5) (Vision Clearance Triangle).	Fixes incorrect citation
232	4	20.04.090(e)(1)	Mixed-use and nonresidential uses bordered by any R1, R2, R3, R4, or RHM zoning district shall be allowed a total light output of not more than 40,000 lumens per acre. Provided, regardless of parcel size, the allowance shall be sufficient to provide a maximum of 2,500 lumens per entryway with motion detector activated lighting counted as one-half lumens.	Mixed-use and nonresidential uses bordered by any R1, R2, R3, R4, or RHM RMH zoning district shall be allowed a total light output of not more than 40,000 lumens per acre. Provided, regardless of parcel size, the allowance shall be sufficient to provide a maximum of 2,500 lumens per entryway with motion detector activated lighting counted as one-half lumens.	fixes incorrect zoning district notation
234	4	20.04.100(c)(2)(B)	Any sign of not more than one and one-half square feet in area.	Any sign of not more than one and one-half square feet in area. Such signs are exempt from signage regulations except 20.04.100(f).	Revises language to state that signs less than 1.5 square feet are not regulated beyond prohibited sign locations, as is current policy.
310	6	20.06.050(a)(2)(C)(i)	#5 (blank)	Delete	Blank section created from removing previous language that just needs to be deleted
334	6	20.06.050(g)(3)(B)(i)(2)	All recommendations for a temporary Certificate of Occupancy are contingent upon approvals from the Monroe County Building Department, Monroe County Health Department, City of Bloomington Fire Department, City of Bloomington Housing and Neighborhood Development Department, and City Utilities Department, if applicable.	All recommendations for a temporary Certificate of Occupancy are contingent upon approvals from the Monroe County Building Department, Monroe County Health Department, City of Bloomington Fire Department, City of Bloomington Housing and Neighborhood Development Department, City of Bloomington Engineering Department , and City Utilities Department, if applicable.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
335	6	20.06.050(g)(3)(B)(ii)(2)	2All recommendations for a final Certificate of Occupancy are contingent upon approvals from the Monroe County Building Department, Monroe County Health Department, City of Bloomington Fire Department, City of Bloomington Housing and Neighborhood Development Department, and City Utilities Department, if applicable	2. All recommendations for a final Certificate of Occupancy are contingent upon approvals from the Monroe County Building Department, Monroe County Health Department, City of Bloomington Fire Department, City of Bloomington Housing, City of Bloomington Engineering Department , and Neighborhood Development Department, and City Utilities Department, if applicable	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
336	6	20.06.050(h)(3)(B)(i)	The Planning and Transportation Department staff shall inspect the improvements for compliance with this UDO and any other applicable City Planning and Transportation Department requirements.	The Planning and Transportation Department and Engineering Department staff shall inspect the improvements for compliance with this UDO and any other applicable City Planning and Transportation Department and City Engineering Department requirements.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.

336	6	20.06.050(h)(3)(B)(ii)	The City Planning and Transportation Department shall recommend that the performance bond be released, extended, reduced, or declared in default based on the results of the inspection of improvements, and the Planning and Transportation Director shall act on the recommended release, extension, reduction, or default of the performance bond after acceptance of the improvements by the Board of Public Works.	The City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department shall recommend that the performance bond be released, extended, reduced, or declared in default based on the results of the inspection of improvements, and the Planning and Transportation Director City Engineer shall act on the recommended release, extension, reduction, or default of the performance bond after acceptance of the improvements by the Board of Public Works.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
336	6	20.06.050(h)(3)(B)(iii)(1)	The completed public improvements shall comply with this UDO; have been constructed in accordance with City Planning and Transportation Department standards and specifications; and have been installed in accordance with the approved plans; and	The completed public improvements shall comply with this UDO; have been constructed in accordance with City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department standards and specifications; and have been installed in accordance with the approved plans; and	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
336	6	20.06.050(h)(3)(B)(iii)(2)	All inspections required by the Bloomington Municipal Code have been completed and the improvements found to be acceptable by the City Planning and Transportation Department.	All inspections required by the Bloomington Municipal Code have been completed and the improvements found to be acceptable by the City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
336	6	20.06.050(h)(3)(C)	The City Planning and Transportation Department shall maintain records of all petitions, plans, and permits filed for a Certificate of Final Acceptance.	The City Planning and Transportation Department and City Engineering Department shall maintain records of all petitions, plans, and permits filed for a Certificate of Final Acceptance.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
350	6	20.06.060(c)(3)(E)(iii)(1)	In conjunction with the approval of a secondary plat, the petitioner shall be required to provide a financial performance guarantee, by performance bond or an irrevocable, unconditional, acceptable letter of credit issued by a financial institution acceptable to the city, that all public facility improvements and installations required under the provisions of this UDO and Planning and Transportation Department requirements shall be completed.	In conjunction with the approval of a secondary plat, the petitioner shall be required to provide a financial performance guarantee, by performance bond or an irrevocable, unconditional, acceptable letter of credit issued by a financial institution acceptable to the city, that all public facility improvements and installations required under the provisions of this UDO and Planning and Transportation and Engineering Departments requirements shall be completed.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
351	6	20.06.060(c)(3)(E)(iii)(3)	The City Planning and Transportation Department shall review the estimate upon receipt of a complete petition and supportive documents. The City Planning and Transportation Department shall verify that the performance bond or letter of credit shall:	The City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department shall review the estimate upon receipt of a complete petition and supportive documents. The City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department shall verify that the performance bond or letter of credit shall:	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
351	6	20.06.060(c)(3)(E)(iii)(3)[a]	Be in a sum of not less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the approved estimate of the total improvement construction cost of the project in order to be sufficient to complete the improvements and installations in compliance with this UDO and City Planning and Transportation Department requirements;	Be in a sum of not less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the approved estimate of the total improvement construction cost of the project in order to be sufficient to complete the improvements and installations in compliance with this UDO and City Planning and Transportation Engineering Department requirements;	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
351	6	20.06.060(c)(3)(E)(iii)(3)[f]	Notwithstanding any partial release of the performance bond or letter of credit pursuant to subsection [e] above, the City shall require a maintenance bond to remain in effect for a period of two years after the certificate of final acceptance is approved. The maintenance bond shall be in the amount of five percent of the original performance bond, or \$10,000.00, whichever is greater, or as determined by the Transportation and Traffic Engineer; and	Notwithstanding any partial release of the performance bond or letter of credit pursuant to subsection [e] above, the City shall require a maintenance bond to remain in effect for a period of two years after the certificate of final acceptance is approved. The maintenance bond shall be in the amount of five percent of the original performance bond, or \$10,000.00, whichever is greater, or as determined by the City Transportation and Traffic Engineering Engineer; and	Correcting title.
351	6	20.06.060(c)(3)(E)(iii)(4)	The City Planning and Transportation Department shall recommend approval or rejection of the performance bond to the Board of Public Works.	The City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department shall recommend approval or rejection of the performance bond to the Board of Public Works.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
352	6	20.06.060(c)(3)(E)(iii)(5)	The City Planning and Transportation Department shall maintain records of all petitions, plans, and permits filed for a performance bond.	The City Planning and Transportation and Engineering Departments shall maintain records of all petitions, plans, and permits filed for a performance bond.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
352	6	20.06.060(c)(3)(E)(iii)(6)	The completion of public facility improvements and installations shall be within two years of the approval of the project.	The completion of public facility improvements and installations shall be within two years of the approval of the project. The approval date of the project is the date of the Plan Commission or Plat Committee hearing at which the Secondary Plat was approved or the date the Planning and Transportation Director signed the Secondary Plat (if the Plat was delegated to staff approval.)	Clarifying when approval of a plat takes place in different instances.
352	6	20.06.060(c)(3)(E)(iii)(9)	The performance bond or letter of credit shall be in effect and shall not terminate until 30 calendar days after the certificate of final acceptance is approved by the City Planning and Transportation Department, and the maintenance bond has been accepted.	The performance bond or letter of credit shall be in effect and shall not terminate until 30 calendar days after the certificate of final acceptance is approved by the City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department, and the maintenance bond has been accepted.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
352	6	20.06.060(c)(3)(E)(iii)(10)[a]	Annual partial releases of performance sureties held by the city shall be approved by the City Planning and Transportation Department in accordance with a partial release schedule agreed to in a signed written document, after that document has been signed by the Planning and Transportation Director or his or her designee, and the developer or his or her designee.	Annual partial releases of performance sureties held by the city shall be approved by the City Engineering Planning and Transportation Department in accordance with a partial release schedule agreed to in a signed written document, after that document has been signed by the Planning and Transportation Director City Engineer or his or her designee, and the developer or his or her designee.	Adding Engineering reference that wasn't needed when the UDO was written because it was not a separate department.
375	6	20.06.080(b)(2)(B)(iii)	Reference source not found	20.04.040(e)(2)(C)	Updated broken floodplain reference

377	6	20.06.080(b)(3)(E)(i)(3)(d)	[a] The location of the lot or tract is such that a complete pedestrian network is present on the other of the street on the same block; or	[a] The location of the lot or tract is such that a complete pedestrian network is present on the other side of the street on the same block; or	Adds missing word
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