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The purpose of this report is to provide an additional expert disclosure regarding the proposed annexation of Area 1A and 1B by the City of Bloomington.

We, Reedy Financial Group, PC, have provided our third expert opinion. We formulated these opinions based on our experience, facts, and data. Supporting exhibits are referenced throughout the report, see "Table of Contents."



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1. INTRODUCTION

This report is provided by Eric Reedy, CPA, Reedy Financial Group, PC and is offered as a rebuttal to the Petitioner's expert disclosure. I previously provided a report dated January 26, 2024, in this matter, which is incorporated herein by reference. Please see the prior report for introduction, previous opinions, and rate structure.

2. EXPERT OPINION 3

The annexation of Area 1A and 1B by the City of Bloomington will not have a significant financial impact.

BASIS OF OPINION 3

My opinion is based on my decades of experience around the State, my work with the City of Bloomington, my expertise with local government finance, the provision of services, and development throughout the State, and my review and work on this annexation and other annexations around Indiana. As previously outlined, we also prepared the Fiscal Plan for Municipal Annexation 5.0, which is incorporated herein by reference. Our files and supporting data relating to the Fiscal Plan were also previously provided. The Fiscal Plan includes facts and data used to formulate my opinion, including but not limited to a parcel-by-parcel impact analysis as well as fiscal impact projections and comparisons. I have also reviewed the most recent available tax and budget data for Monroe County. My opinion is supported by the combined property tax rates for the areas, the effect of the circuit breaker on property taxes, the comparative combined tax rates for other municipalities throughout the state, including in particular the combined tax rates for the largest municipalities and surrounding cities and towns, and the comparative tax rates from other annexations. I am also familiar with the types of charges that may be imposed by Bloomington to out of town customers for services such as the uses of facilities and amenities, which would impact the annexation area residents if annexation does not occur. Moreover, lack of annexation and City services (such as sewer) would have a negative financial impact on landowners seeking to develop their property.

In addition to materials outlined in the Fiscal Plan demonstrating annexation area landowners will comparatively experience lower impacts than in other areas, we have prepared Exhibit 1 (enclosed), which shows that based on Certified 2023 Data the City of Bloomington's average district property tax rate is 60.7% below the average among comparable Indiana Cities by population, and adjoining/nearby Indiana Cities. That is, taxpayers annexed into the City of Bloomington will, on average, pay substantially lower property taxes than they would in comparable Indiana Cities and surrounding cities based on Certified 2023 Data. Conversely, Bloomington is among only three Indiana Cities, in the comparison, where the average incorporated home value is higher than the unincorporated home value. Furthermore, median household income is lower in Bloomington Incorporated Areas than in unincorporated areas. As such, Bloomington Incorporated Taxpayers are already paying higher property taxes than unincorporated taxpayers, with lower median household income to cover those taxes. Stated another way, Landowners in the annexation areas, with average assessed values lower than those currently present in the Bloomington Incorporated Areas but a higher median household income, are more likely able to absorb any newly assessed municipal tax rate post-annexation compared to current City residents. This is not a significant financial impact to residents and landowners in the annexation areas.

It is my opinion that the Annexation would add a normal (or in fact below normal) municipal layer of property tax that incorporated taxpayers already pay, minus adjustments for existing debt, and fire protection services (in the Monroe Fire Protection District Service Area) in return for extending City services (at City rates) to those annexed. Moreover, annexed taxpayers would pay a much lower total property tax rate than they would in comparable Indiana Cities.

I have also reviewed Exhibits 3 and 4 of the Monroe County Assessor's, Mrs. Judith Sharp's, deposition, and a rough draft of the transcript of that deposition. I do not agree with the conclusions found therein, nor do those exhibits accurately calculate the average of the tax increase following the annexation of Area 1A and 1B. Those exhibits certainly do not support the conclusion that this annexation will have a significant financial impact on residents and landowners in Area 1A and 1B. For example, consideration was not given to the fact that taxpayers in Van Buren and Perry Townships will not be paying the City's property tax rate for fire protection, calculated as the Fire Department Budget within Bloomington's General Fund divided by the total General Fund Budget times the General Fund Property Tax Rate. Additionally, annexed taxpayers would not pay existing property tax rates for City Debt, \$0.066 for 2023 Certified. Furthermore, the model does not consider the nuances of individual parcels; it applies Bloomington Township property tax rate versus Bloomington City property tax rate across both annexation areas, regardless of Township and fire protection status, and ignores deductions and property tax relief and circuit breaker credits specific to each parcel. Therefore, it does not accurately calculate the tax impact from annexation. It is also worth noting that Annexation Area 1B includes parcels within Perry and VanBuren Townships only, both of which would continue to receive fire protection from the Monroe County Fire Protection District, thus, would not pay Bloomington City's property tax rate for fire protection. Finally, Mrs., Sharp's Exhibits 3 & 4 do not consider savings to annexed landowners. See City of Bloomington Annexation Fiscal Plan, "Tax Bill Impact Projections - Parcel List," pages 386 - 471 for a parcel-by-parcel breakdown of property tax bills in Annexation Areas 1A and 1B.

Every annexation results in some reallocation of tax disbursements between overlapping taxing authorities, and depending on tax rate, causes additional circuit breaker impact. At the same time, governmental entities prepare budgets as a part of the process for establishing their tax levies, as calculated and certified by the DLGF. Those budgets incorporate assumed and actual growth of the assessed value of real estate in each taxing district. As shown through Fiscal Plan 5.0, the growth in assessed value is an offset to the overlapping unit impact following an annexation. The projections in Fiscal Plan 5.0 assumed a conservative three percent per-year growth in the assessed value. The Fiscal Plan shows that every overlapping taxing authority would have net gains in tax revenue following the annexations. The Fiscal Plan also shows that the impacts are offset by reduction of service obligations of those entities and/or can be absorbed. Moreover, the overlapping unit impact is less so given that only Annexation Areas 1A and 1B are being annexed at this time. Annexation Areas 1A and 1B account for approximately 60% of the total net assessed value added for all annexations (see generally page 179 of the Fiscal Plan 5.0). The "Annexation Impact, net of service level reductions," found on page 110 of Fiscal Plan 5.0, to Monroe County, for instance, would therefore be approximately 60% of \$1,896,143, or \$1,137,686, for Annexation Areas 1A and 1B combined, which would increase the revenue surplus shown on page 110 of Fiscal Plan 5.0 by roughly \$700,000. Furthermore, Fiscal Plan 5.0 "Overlapping Unit Impact Projections" assumptions were conservative across the board. For example, Fiscal Plan 5.0 has a (Year 1) 2024 Total LIT Certified Shares projection of \$37.3 million, with the County receiving \$14.3 million. The actual 2024 DLGF Certified Total Distribution is \$40.2 million, or 7.8% higher than projected, in which case the County is expected to receive \$15.7 million.

Furthermore, as shown on page 110 of Fiscal Plan 5.0, we noted that a LIT rate of approximately 0.1% would essentially recoup the loss to overlapping municipalities for all annexation areas combined. To that end, the Local Income Tax Council, controlled in majority by the City, approved a LIT Economic Development rate of 0.69% effective Pay 2023, or roughly seven times greater than the rate needed to recoup LIT loss. That is, Monroe County now has \$11.24 million of additional revenue, based on 2024 DLGF Certification, unaccounted for in Fiscal Plan 5.0, or approximately seven times what the County needs to recoup the loss due to annexation of all areas, or more than eleven times greater than what is needed to recoup the loss attributable to Areas 1A and 1B, all else equal.

In sum, the City's annexation of Area 1A and 1B will not have a significant financial impact in those areas.



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Exhibit 1 - 2023 Property Tax, Circuit Breaker, and Median Household Income Data For Select Indiana Cities

State.Indiana.e

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Department of Local Government Finance records

US Census Bureau, census.gov

Larget **Faxing District** Largest Tsp Population 2020

Average Home Value in County the

Home Value greater than

Average County

County MHI Home Value Average City Avearge City is Located unincorporate greater than City MHI

d County

MHI

Home Value

City MHI

Breaker %

located

Breaker % Circuit

Tax Rate

di di

City/Town

(stats.indiana.e Taxing District

Municipality

Estimate

Uninc Twp

Rate where City/Town is

Circuit

29.6% 13,765

27,300

€

Township

% Monroe County MHI higher than City MHI Monroe County MHI greater than City MHI

Bloomington Average Home Value greater than Monroe County Average Home Value

*Projected district property tax rate post annexation - based on 2023 district property tax adjusted for City Fire Department Budget and existing debt service property tax rates 10.2% % Bloomington Average Home Value is greater than Monroe County Average Home Value

*2023 Bloomington Fire Department Adopted Budget (Gateway) = \$13,204,554/\$49,779,420 (total General Fund Budget) = 0.26526 x \$0.5515 (General Fund property tax rate) = \$0.1463 *2023 Bloomington Debt Service Property Tax Rate = \$.0660 = Bloomington City Post Annexation Rate of \$0.6422 (includes 2023 Bloomington Transportation Property Tax Rate of \$.0319)

*Adjustment for Bloomington Fire Protection applies to annexed parcels in Van Buren and Perry Townships

Bloomington Tsp Perry Tsp 2.1230 85,603 85,603 Bloomington* Bloomington* Bloomington*

City Average/Aggregate Van Buren Tsp Richland Tsp å 60,308 \$ 240,600 2.8% \$ 46,543 \$ 267,900 \$ 1.9% \$ 2.3388 2.1554 85,603 85,603 85,603 **Bloomington Avg/Aggregate** Bloomington*



Exhibit 1 - 2023 Property Tax, Circuit Breaker, and Median Household Income Data For Select Indiana Cities

	Township	Anderson Tsp fully incorp.	Clay Tsp is fully incorporated	ds		Tsp	ds	ds	North Tsp is fully incorporated		d.			Tsp	d	Harrison Tsp nearly all incorp.	ą.
	ما حا	Anderson 1	Clay Tsp is	Concord Tsp	Knight Tsp	Fall Creek Tsp	Calumet Tsp	Pleasant Tsp	North Tsp i	Center Tsp	Fairfield Tsp	Penn tsp	Center Tsp	Noblesville Tsp	Portage Tsp	Harrison T.	Wabash Tsp
	Average Home Value greater than City MHI County greater than Average County MHI Home Value	°N	Yes	^o N	°Z	°Z	°Z	°Z	°N	°N	°N	°N	°N	°N	°N	°N	Yes
		° Z	Yes	°Z	°N	Yes	No	N _o	N _o	N _O	N _o	°Z	S _O	°Z	°Z	o N	No
	Average Hom <u>e.</u> Value in unincorporate d County.	135,100	350,900	181,800	162,800	350,900	195,100	240,700	195,100	143,100	199,300	165,700	120,500	350,900	165,700	130,300	199,300
300	Av un	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	\$	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
US Census Bureau, census.gov	County the City is Located MHL	60,060	114,866	63,978	58,839	114,866	66,375	82,730	66,375	62,014	55,728	61,877	53,377	114,866	61,877	52,789	55,728
Burea	O. o.	\$	\$	*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	*	↔	\$
JS Census	City Avearge. Home Value	101,700	425,900	119,300	121,100	339,000	81,800	226,500	129,100	118,400	145,200	128,200	88,000	295,700	113,800	99,600	303,300
\supset	,	↔	\$	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	49	\$	€9	\$	↔	↔	\$	\$
	City MHI	\$ 44,974	\$ 132,859	\$ 46,534	\$ 49,853	\$ 126,548	\$ 36,874	\$ 75,398	\$ 52,368	\$ 53,967	\$ 50,674	\$ 51,543	\$ 40,309	\$ 99,458	\$ 49,056	\$ 41,230	\$ 30,317
e records	Larget Uninc Twp Circuit Breaker %	36.9%	2.6%	6.3%	17.5%	2.1%	55.4%	6.4%	16.7%	24.7%	0.9%	3.1%	41.9%	0.5%	37.7%	38.9%	-1.1%
Department of Local Government Finance records	Largest Tsp. Taxing District. Rate where. City/Town is.	4.9764	2.0626	2.1666	2.2030	1.7360	4.5816	1.3439	4.7575	2.3148	1.5078	1.9879	2.8694	1.8321	2.7037	2.2426	1.5538
vernn		49	€9	€9	€9	↔	↔	↔	↔	₩	€9	€9	↔	₩.	↔ 、	↔	↔
of Local Go	Circuit Breaker %	37.0%	5.6%	15.6%	28.2%	5.7%	57.8%	7.7%	24.2%	25.9%	3.2%	23.2%	52.0%	14.5%	39.3%	39.7%	9.7%
epartment	Municipality axing District Tax Rate	4.9764	2.0626	3.7436	3.5763	2.2209	9.1873	1.8429	4.7575	4.0445	2.5707	4.0884	5.4700	2.7213	5.2897	4.5168	2.7737
	Mu Taxi	€>	↔	€9	69	€9	↔	↔	↔	€9	↔	€9-	€9	€9	↔	↔	↔
State.Indiana.e du	2020. Population. Estimate. Municipality. (stats.indiana.e Taxing.District. du). Tax.Rate. 50,000 - 125,000)	54,631	101,643	52,172	118,407	97,020	74,693	60,279	75,342	58,243	71,484	50,312	67,523	65,835	101,868	60,410	51,605
	2020. Population. Estimate (stats.indiana.e I du). City/Town du). Comparable Cities (populations 50,000 - 125,000)	Anderson	Carmel	Elkhart	Evansville	Fishers	Gary	Greenwood	Hammond	Кокото	Lafayette	Mishawaka	Muncie	Noblesville	South Bend	Terre Haute	West Lafayette
	0 0	⋖	O	ш	Ш	ш.	9	9		\sim	_	2	2	~	S	_	>



Exhibit 1 - 2023 Property Tax, Circuit Breaker, and Median Household Income Data For Select Indiana Cities

		ت 1		Lownship	Shawswick Tsp	Washington Tsp	Franklin Tsp	Jackson Tsp	Washington Tsp	Columbus Tsp		
		Average Home Value greater than	County	ноте уаш	°Z	°N	o _N	o _N	o _N	Yes		
			City MHI greater than	County MHL Home value	°Z	°N	o N	o N	o N	o N		
		Average Home		d County	146,700	200,600	240,700	161,300	158,200	197,500	201,426	(39,174)
	>	Ave	inni	a	€9	€	€9	€9	↔	€	↔ ↔	60
	US Census Bureau, census.gov		City is Located unincorporate	Ξ	64,210	79,134	82,730	62,609	60,695	76,912	71,128 60,308	10,820
	Bure		. <u>S</u>	l	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	* *	\$ %
	JS Census		City Avearge	ноте уаще	123,200	136,000	195,100	140,200	132,800	211,700	175,804	(92,096)
	ے				69	↔	↔	69	↔	↔	↔ ↔	49
	Department of Local Government Finance records			CILY MILL	4.3% \$ 49,492	\$ 57,383	\$ 72,344	\$ 57,347	\$ 48,205	5.6% \$ 75,114	\$ 60,365 \$ 46,543	\$ 13,822 29.7%
		Larget	Circuit	Dieakel %	4.3%	0.8%	11.3%	2.7%	4.0%	2.6%	2.8%	11.4%
		Largest Tsp Taxing District	City/Town is	iocaled	1.9336	1.2221	2.0141	1.6367	1.9844	1.7222	2.2959	0.8427
	vernr	Tax L			€9	↔	↔	↔	€9	↔	↔ ↔	49
	of Local Gov		Circuit	Diedkel %	16.9%	1.1%	17.0%	3.3%	31.9%	8.6%	20.4%	18.6% 991.7%
	epartment		axing District	3,000)	3.5162	2.3772	3.0623	2.9249	4.0020	2.6015	3.4464	1.3013
	Δ	Ź	I I I	tion (↔	↔	€9	↔	€9	€9	↔ ↔	49
State.Indiana.e	np	2020 Population	(stats.indiana.e Taxing District	الالالالا) Cities (Min. popula	14,898	11,810	25,866	20,096	6,236	48,445		the Average e) the Average
			City/Town	Adjoining/Nearby (Regional) Cities (Min. population 6,000)	Bedford	Martinsville	Franklin	Seymour	Salem	Columbus	Averages Bloomington*	Bloomington below(above) the Average % Bloomington below(above) the Average